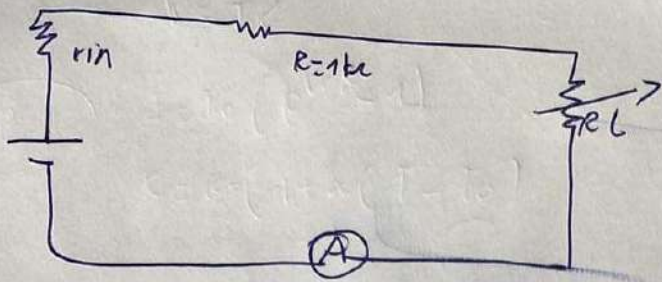




## **BZU-HUB**

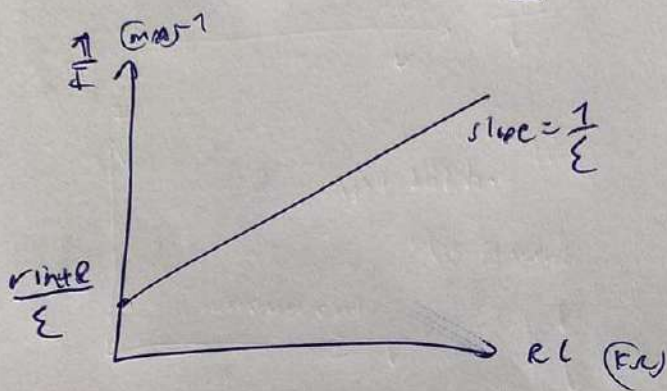
صُمِّمَ هَذَا الْمَوْقِعَ لِيُخْدَمَ طُلُوبَةَ جَامِعَةِ بَيْرِزِيَتِ، وَهُوَ  
مَوْقِعٌ غَيْرٌ رِبْحِي



$$\varepsilon = I r_{in} + I R + I R_L$$

$$\frac{1}{I} = \frac{r_{in}}{\varepsilon} + \frac{R}{\varepsilon} + \frac{R_L}{\varepsilon}$$

$$\frac{1}{I} = \frac{1}{\varepsilon} R_L + \frac{r_{in} + R}{\varepsilon}$$



Ex 23

$\varepsilon_{CL} \neq$

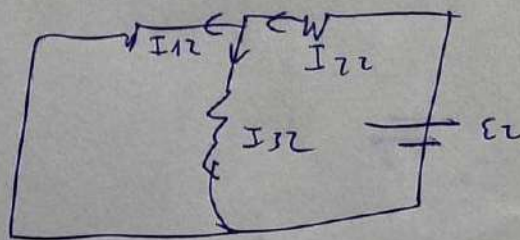
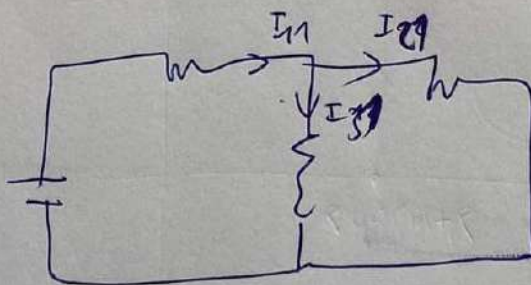
$$\varepsilon_{in} = I_{out}$$

$$\varepsilon_{VL} \quad \varepsilon_V = 0$$

توصلي

$$R_{eL} = nR$$

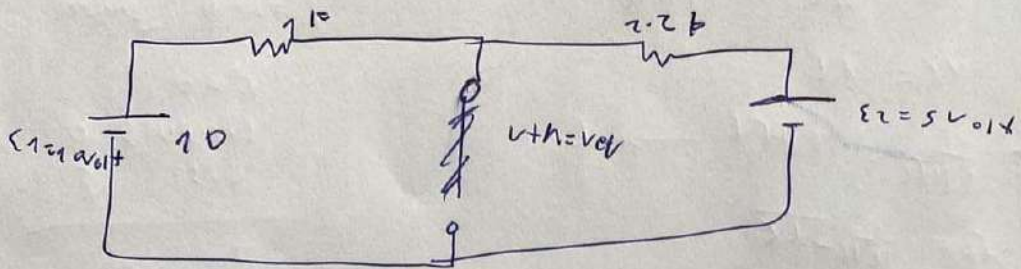
$$R_{eL} = \frac{R}{n}$$





(ev4) :-

Solve for R



$$10 - I_1 R_1 + v_{th} = 0$$

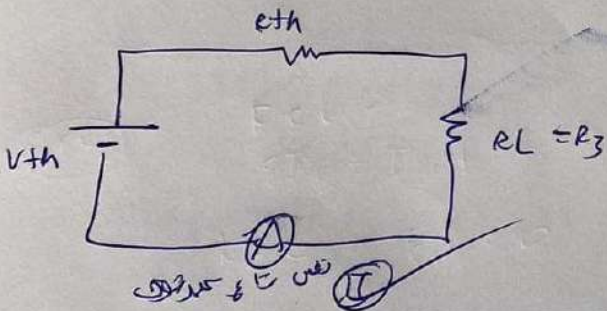
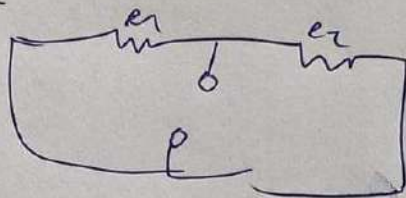
$$10 - 5 - I_1 R_1 - I_2 R_2 = 0$$

$$v_{th} = \dots ( )$$

$$v_{cd} = v_{th}$$

$$R_{th} = R_{eq}$$

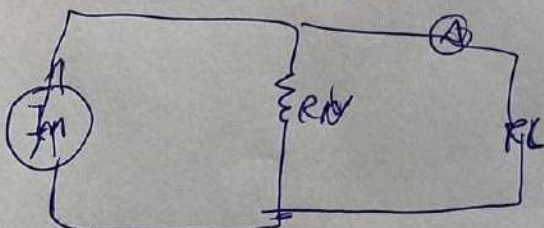
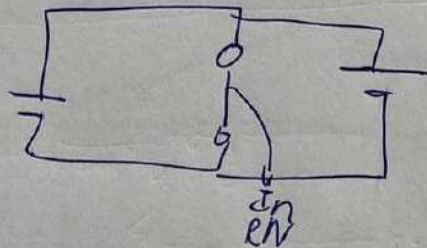
$$R_{eq} = R_{th} = R_1 // R_2 = \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2}$$



$$I_N = I_g = I_{g'} = c$$

$$R_n = R_{th}$$

$$I_N = \frac{v_{th}}{e_{th}}$$



$$R_{eq} = \frac{R_{th} R_L}{R_{th} + R_L}$$

$$V = I_N R_{eq}$$

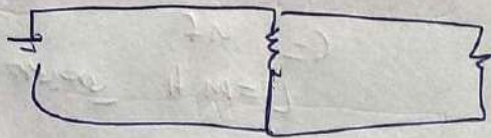
$$V = I_N R_L$$

Voltage source  $V = I_{g'} R_{th}$

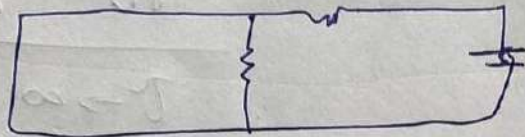
current source

$I = I_{g'} \frac{R_{th}}{R_{th} + R_L}$





$$I = \frac{E}{R_2 + R_L}$$



$$I = \frac{E}{R_1}$$

$$I_{eq} = \frac{E_{eq}}{R_{eq}}$$

$$V_{RL} = I_{eq} R_L$$

$$I_{RL} = (I_{eq} - I_L) R_{eq}$$

$$I_L (R_L + R_{eq}) = I_{eq} R_{eq}$$

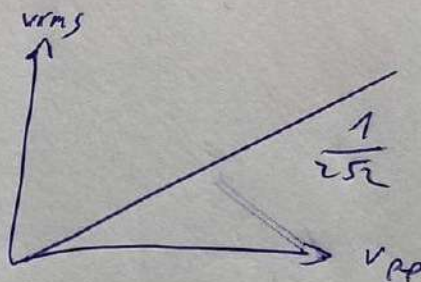
$$I_L = \frac{I_{eq} R_{eq}}{R_L + R_{eq}}$$

OKS

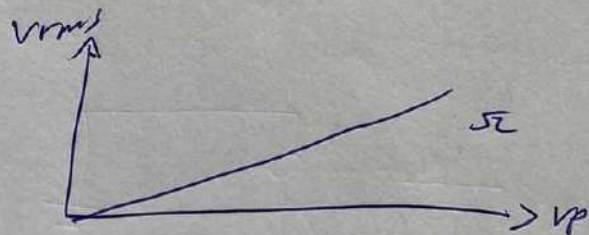
$$V(t) = A \sin \omega t$$

$$V_{p-p} = A$$

$$V_{rms} = \frac{V_{p-p}}{2.52}$$



$$V_{rms} = \frac{V_p}{\sqrt{2}}$$

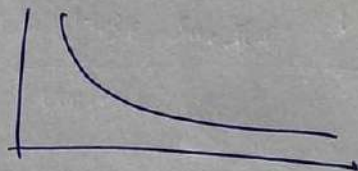


$$V_c = V_{max} (1 - e^{-t/RC})$$

$$\bar{V} = 0.63 V_{max} \quad \text{charging}$$

$$V_c = V_{max} e^{-t/RC}$$

$$\bar{V} = 0.37 V_{max} \quad \text{discharging}$$



$$\omega = 2\pi f$$

$$X_C = \frac{1}{\omega C} = \frac{1}{2\pi f C}$$

$$X_C = X_L$$

$$\frac{1}{\omega C} \leftarrow \frac{1}{2\pi f C} = 2\pi f L \rightarrow \omega L$$

$$f_p = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{LC}}$$

resonance

$$Q = RC = \frac{L}{R}$$

$$\omega = \frac{1}{RC}$$

$$C = \mu f$$
$$L = m H$$

$$Q \rightarrow 0$$

charging 0

dis  $\infty$

$$Q \rightarrow \infty$$

charging  $\infty$

dis 0

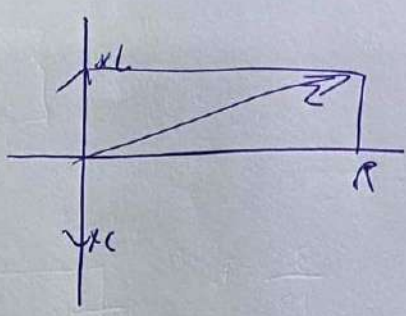


60 kHz =

ex: 6

$$R_T = \sqrt{R^2 + (X_L - X_C)^2}$$

↓ impedance      ↓ reactance



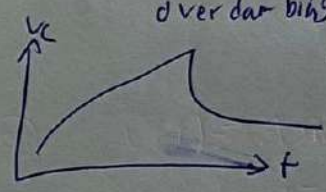
$$V_T = \sqrt{V^2 + (V_L - V_C)^2}$$

$$Q(t) = A_1 e^{s_+ t} + A_2 e^{s_- t}$$

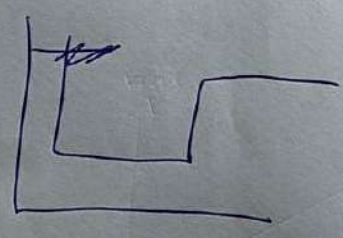
$$s_+ = -\frac{R}{2L} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{R}{2L}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{LC}}$$

$$s_- = -\frac{R}{2L} - \sqrt{\left(\frac{R}{2L}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{LC}}$$

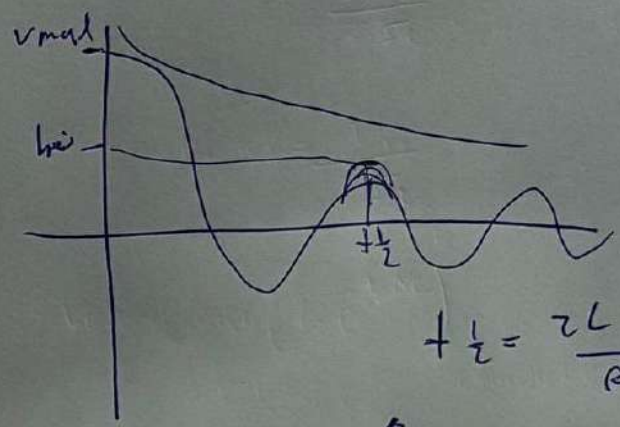
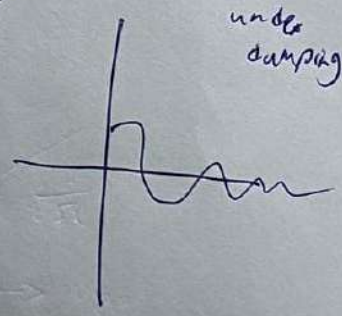
$\left(\frac{R}{2L}\right)^2 > \frac{1}{LC}$   
over damped



$\left(\frac{R}{2L}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{LC}$   
critical damping



$\left(\frac{R}{2L}\right)^2 < \frac{1}{LC}$   
under damped



$$t_{1/2} = \frac{2L \ln 2}{R_0}$$

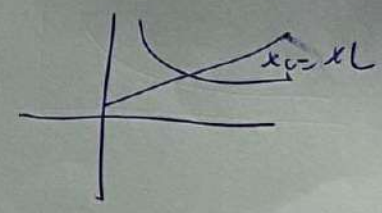
$$\delta_{exp} = \frac{\ln 2}{f \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\delta_{th} = \frac{R_0}{2L}$$

$$\omega' = \sqrt{\frac{1}{LC} - \left(\frac{R}{2L}\right)^2}$$

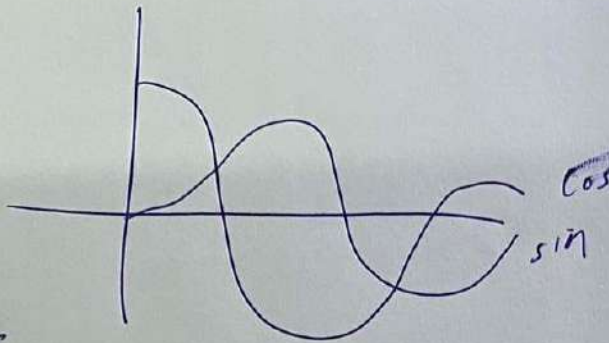
$R_0$   $\omega' = 200$

$R_{critical} = R_{otel}$



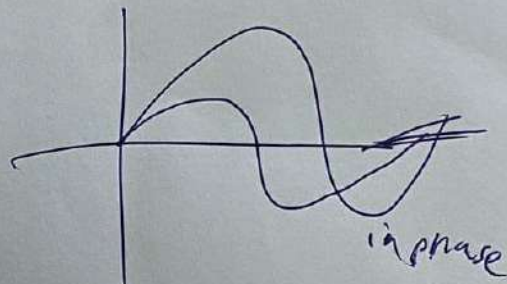
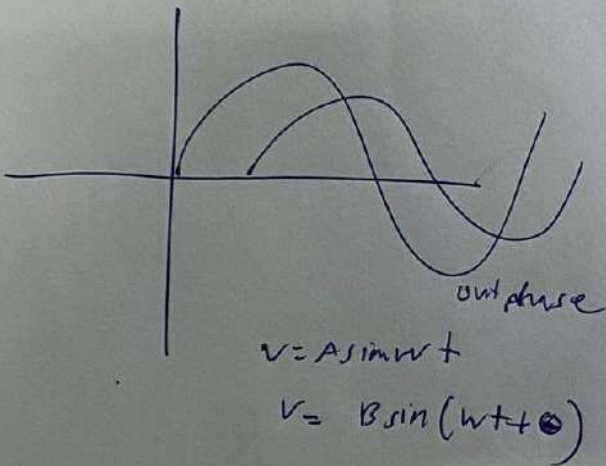
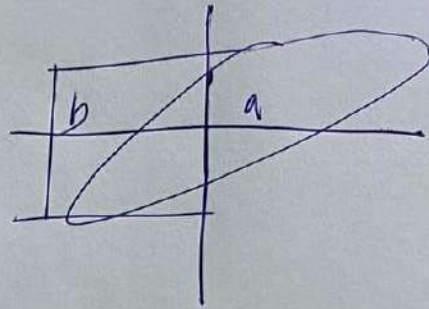


Ex-7

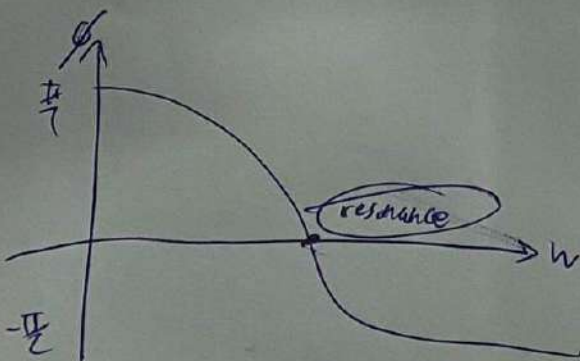
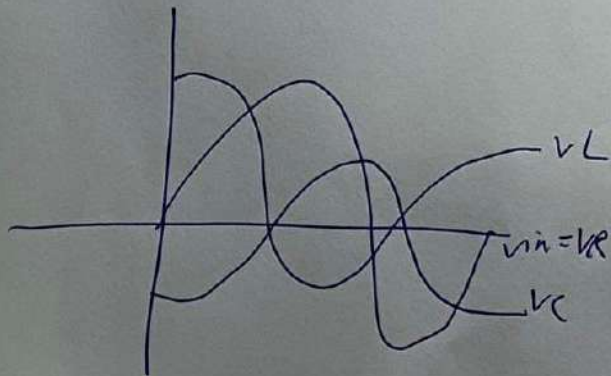


$$\begin{aligned} \phi &= \omega t \\ &= 2\pi f t \\ &= 2\pi \frac{t}{T} \\ \phi &= \sin^{-1} \frac{a}{b} \text{ (degree)} \end{aligned}$$

at resonance  $\phi = 0$



$$\begin{aligned} \phi &= \tan^{-1} \frac{XL - dC}{R} \\ \phi &= \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{\omega L - \frac{1}{\omega C}}{R} \right) \end{aligned}$$

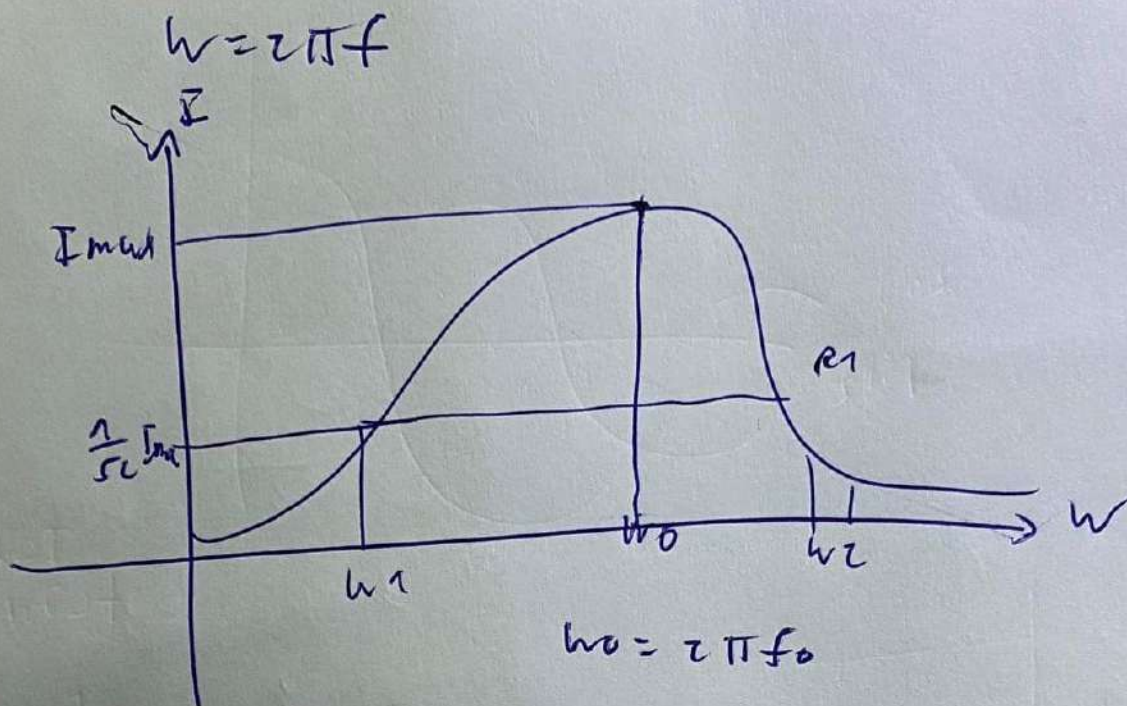


$$\begin{aligned} v_L &= v_R = i \\ v_L &\text{ leads } v_R \quad \frac{\pi}{2} \\ v_C &\text{ lags } v_R \quad -\frac{\pi}{2} \\ &= \pi = \left( -\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$R \pm \sqrt{R^2 + \left( \omega L - \frac{1}{\omega C} \right)^2} \quad (6)$$



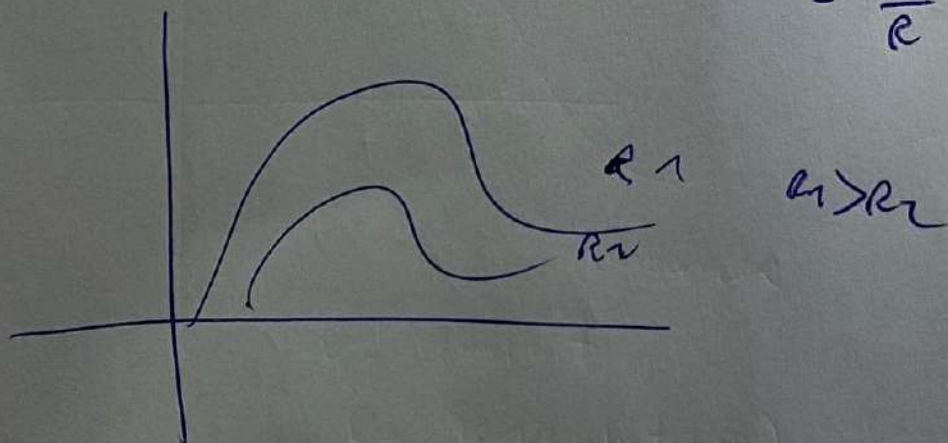
Ex 9



$$\Delta\omega = \omega_2 - \omega_1 = \text{bandwidth}$$

$$\frac{\omega_0}{\Delta\omega} = \text{quality factor}$$

$$QF = \frac{\omega L}{R} = \omega_0 \frac{L}{R} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{L}{R}$$
$$= \frac{1}{R} \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}$$





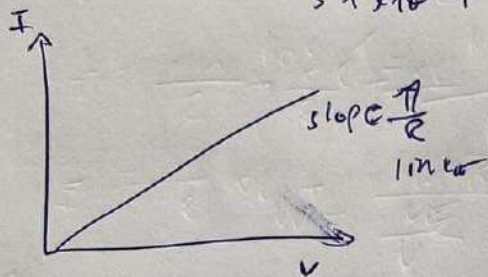
$$V = IR$$

exp: 1

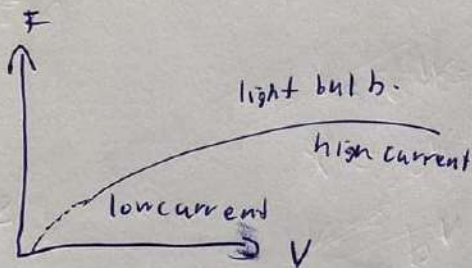
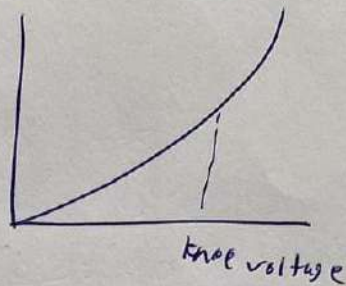
$$I = I_0 (e^{VK} - 1)$$

$$R = R_0 (1 + \alpha(T - T_0))$$

( | | | | )  
 ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓  
 5 1 1 1 = 56 (ohm)



Si diode not linear



ex 2

$$I = \frac{\mathcal{E}}{r_{int} + RL}$$

$$V = IRL$$

$$= \frac{\mathcal{E}}{(r_{int} + RL)} RL$$

$$RL \geq r_{in}$$

$$V_{RL} = \mathcal{E}$$

$$P = I^2 R$$

$$= \left( \frac{\mathcal{E}}{r_{int} + RL} \right)^2 R$$

$$\frac{dP}{dRL} = 0 \quad RL = r_{in}$$

