

Birzeit University
Mathematics Department
Math234
Quiz#4

Instructor: Dr. Ala Talahmeh
Name:.....
Time: 15 minutes

First Semester 2021/2022
Number:.....
Date: 23/12/2021

Exercise#1 [5 marks]. Let $W = \{ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d : c = a - b, d = a + b + c\}$ be a subspace of the vector space P_4 . Find a basis and dimension for W .

Solution. $f(x) \in W \Rightarrow f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + (a-b)x + a + \cancel{b} + \cancel{a-b}$
 $= a(x^3 + x + 2) + b(x^2 - x)$

$\therefore \text{Span}(x^3 + x + 2, x^2 - x) = W$

Linear Independence:

Let $c_1(x^3 + x + 2) + c_2(x^2 - x) = 0$

$x^3: c_1 = 0$

$x^2: c_2 = 0$

$x: c_1 - c_2 = 0$

$x^0: 2c_1 = 0$

$\Rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$

$\rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$
 $-R_1 + R_3$
 $-2R_1 + R_4$

$\rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \Rightarrow c_1 = c_2 = 0$
 lin. indep.

$\therefore \{x^3 + x + 2, x^2 - x\}$ form a basis for W and $\dim W = 2$.

Exercise#2 [5 marks]. Let $E = [1, x, x^2]$ and $F = [1, 1+x, 1+x+x^2]$ be two ordered bases for P_3 . Find the transition matrix S from E to F and use it to find $[p(x)]_F$ where $p(x) = 2 + 5x - x^2$.

Solution. $S_{E \rightarrow F} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}}_I$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{R_1 - R_2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow{-R_3 + R_2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\therefore S_{E \rightarrow F} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[p(x)]_F = [2 + 5x - x^2]_F = (S_{E \rightarrow F}) [p(x)]_E$$

Notice $p(x) = 2(1) + 5(x) + (-1)(x^2)$

$$\therefore [p(x)]_E = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore [p(x)]_F = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 6 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$