

## $egin{array}{ll} { m Birzeit~University} \ { m Mathematics~Department} \ { m Math} 234 \ { m Quiz~} 1 \ \end{array}$

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Name:....

Section: 2

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## Question I [10 points]. Consider the linear system

$$x + y + 2\alpha z = -1$$
  

$$2x + y + (\alpha - 1)z = \beta$$
  

$$-x - y + (\alpha^{2} + 1)z = \alpha - \beta$$

- 1. Under what conditions on the constants  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  does the the system have:
  - (a) no solutions,
  - (b) a unique solution,
  - (c) infinitely many solutions.
- 2. Find the solution set in the case when the system has infinitely many solutions.

1. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2\alpha & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & \alpha-1 & \beta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-1 & -1 & \alpha^{2}+1 & \alpha-\beta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-2R_{1}+R_{2}$$

$$0 & -1 & -3\alpha-1 & \beta+2 \\ 0 & (\alpha+1)^{2} & \alpha-\beta-1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$1 & \alpha^{2}+1 & \alpha-\beta$$

$$1 & \alpha^{2}+1 & \alpha^{2}+1 & \alpha^{2}+1 \\
1 & \alpha^{2}+1 & \alpha^{2}+1 & \alpha^{2}+1 & \alpha^{2}+1 \\
1 & \alpha^{2}+1 & \alpha^{2}+1 & \alpha^{2}+1 & \alpha^{2}+1 \\
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1 & \alpha^{2}+1 & \alpha^{2}+1 & \alpha^{2}+1 & \alpha^{2}+1 & \alpha^{2}+1 \\
1 & \alpha^{2}+1 \\
1 & \alpha^{2}+1 & \alpha$$

$$-Rz \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -2 & | & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X_1 + X_2 - 2X_3 = -1$$

$$X_2 - 2X_3 = 0 \implies X_2 = 2t$$

$$X_1 + 2t - 2t = -1 \implies X_1 = -1$$

:- the solution set = { (-1, 2t, t): tER?