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Math 330

Quiz 2

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sec...2'.....

Consider the fixed point iteration $p_{n+1} = \sqrt[4]{p_n + 1} = g(p_n)$.

- a- Show that $g(x)$ has a fixed point in $I = [1, 2]$.
- b- Show that if $p_0 \in I$, then the fixed point iteration converges.
- c- Estimate the fixed point p starting with $p_0 = 1.5$, (do only 4 iterations)

a. $g(x) = \sqrt[4]{x+1} \Rightarrow f(x) = g(x) - x = \sqrt[4]{x+1} - x$

Belzano
✓

$f(x)$ is continuous on $[1, 2]$ ✓
 $f(1) = \sqrt[4]{2} - 1 = 1.189207115 > 0$
 $f(2) = \sqrt[4]{3} - 2 = -0.683926 < 0$

inc -2

\Rightarrow there's a root for $f(x) = \sqrt[4]{x+1} - x$ on $[1, 2]$

$g(x) = \sqrt[4]{x+1} = x \Rightarrow \therefore g(x)$ has a fixed point in $[1, 2]$

b. $K \leq \max |g'(x)| < 1$

$g'(x) = (x+1)^{-3/4} \cdot \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4\sqrt[4]{(x+1)^3}}$ decreasing

$\max |g'(x)| = g'(1) = \frac{1}{4\sqrt[4]{8}} = 0.148651 < 1$

$\therefore \exists p_0 \in I$ while the fixed point iteration converges.

- c.
- $p_0 = 1.5$
 - $p_1 = 1.25743349$
 - $p_2 = 1.225755182$
 - $p_3 = 1.221432153$
 - $p_4 = 1.220838632 \Rightarrow p$

5.