

Chapter 8 → Interval Estimation

"Confidence interval" فترة ثقة

للتوزيع ← عمر الزواج للسيدات → هنا فلسطين

①

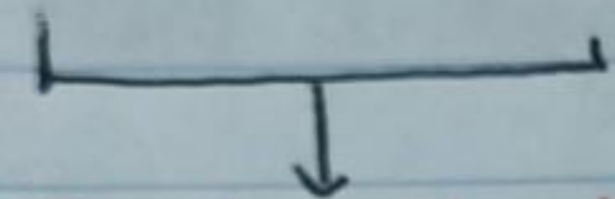
②

$\mu = 23$ ← متوسط المجتمع

$\mu \in (21, 25)$ ← متوسط كتاب المجتمع

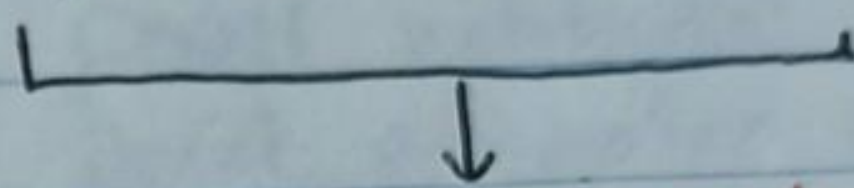
$\bar{X} = 22.5$ ← للعينة

$\bar{X} \in (20, 23)$ ← متوسط كتابي للعينة



Point Estimation

التقريب على شكل رقم



Interval Estimation

التقريب على شكل فترة

هذا يتم التركيز عليها لأنها

الـ ثابت

لأنها تكون احتمالية الزواج

المترو والناسي فهو أقل

8.1 \rightarrow Population mean $\rightarrow \sigma$ is known

Interval Estimation $\rightarrow [40, 50] \leftarrow$ التوقع يكون في راس

Point Estimation 90 \leftrightarrow التقريب على شكل رقم

Parameter $\rightarrow \mu, \sigma$ for population

Statistic $\rightarrow \bar{x}, s$ for sample

Point Estimator $\rightarrow \bar{x}$ point estimator of μ
 s point estimator of σ

Point Estimate $\rightarrow \bar{x} = 70$ \rightarrow value يعني القيمة
"The value" $s = 10$

The question or the purpose is to Construct an interval for μ when σ is given
لأننا نكون ك معروفه

القانون $\rightarrow \left(\bar{x} - \frac{z}{2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} , \bar{x} + \frac{z}{2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \right)$ Confidence Interval

\bar{y} = sample mean
 n = sample size

σ = Pop. S. D

8.1 σ known \leftarrow اذا بال سوال اطلبنا
8.2 s known \leftarrow اذا بال سوال اطلبنا

$(1 - \alpha)\%$ Confidence level درجة الثقة

Ex \rightarrow μ (students grades) (70, 90)

اننا نريد ان نعرف مدى توري "ف" من الالفه
 اننا نريد ان نعرف مدى توري "ف" من الالفه
90 و 70

اننا نريد ان نعرف مدى توري الثقة يكون اننا $(1 - \alpha)\%$

Ex \rightarrow 90% Confidant interval

$\hookrightarrow \frac{90}{100} = 0.9$

$\hookrightarrow 1 - \alpha = 1 - 0.1 = 0.9$

$\hookrightarrow \alpha = 0.1$

Example \rightarrow if the sample mean = 32 and $n = 50$
 $\sigma = 6$

\hookrightarrow Provide 90% Confidence interval for the pop mean?

\rightarrow نريد ان نعرف $\rightarrow \frac{Z}{\frac{\alpha}{2}}$ = The value of Z , area to the right of Z is $\frac{\alpha}{2}$

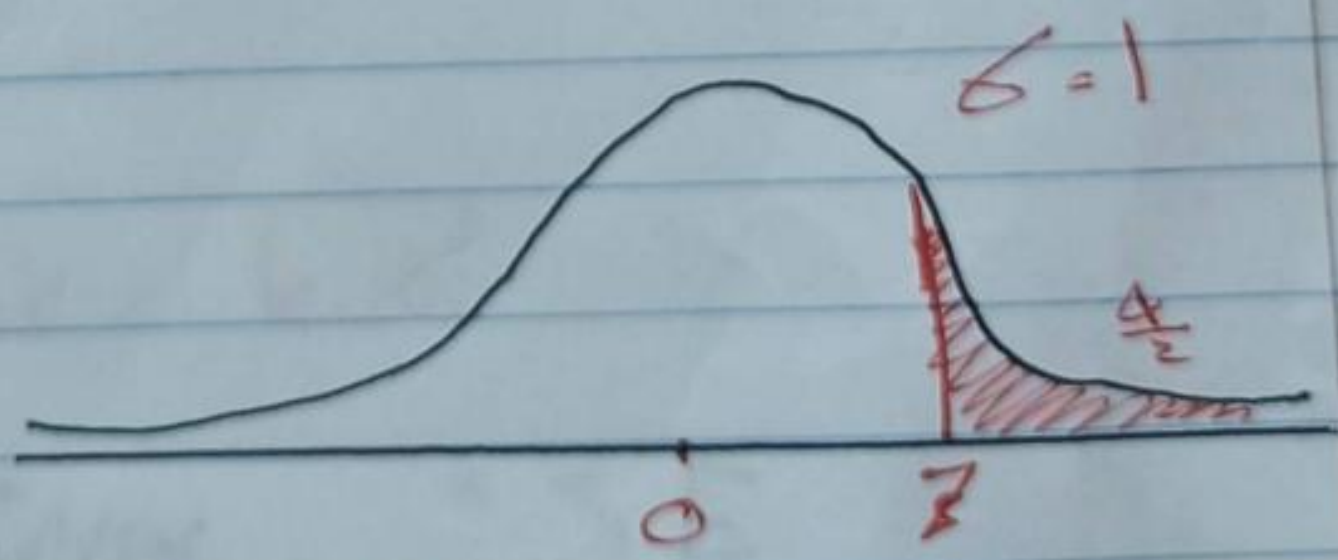
$\frac{90}{100} = 0.9$

$1 - 0.1 = 0.9$

$\therefore \alpha = 0.1$

$\frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{0.1}{2} = 0.05 \sim Z_{0.05}$

$\hookrightarrow 1 - 0.05 = 0.95$ الربع الجدل $\rightarrow = \frac{1.64 + 1.65}{2} = 1.645$



" z critical " $\approx z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} = 1.645$

So the interval is

$$\left(\bar{x} - z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} , \bar{x} + z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \right)$$

$$= \left(32 - 1.645 \frac{6}{\sqrt{50}} , 32 + 1.645 \frac{6}{\sqrt{50}} \right)$$

$$= (32 - 1.3958 , 32 + 1.3958)$$

$$= (30.604 , 33.395)$$

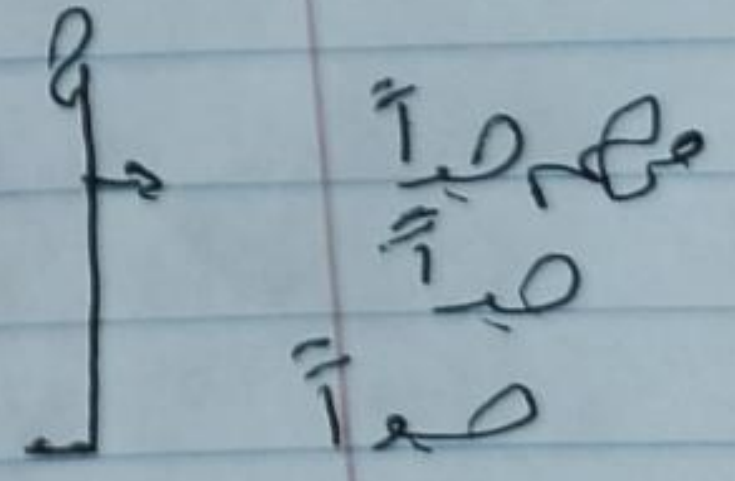
↳ we are 90% confident that μ is between
 (30.604 , 33.395)

$(1 - \alpha) \rightarrow$ Confidence Coefficient ثابتة

$\alpha \rightarrow$ significance level

$\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} =$ standard Error "SE"

$z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} =$ Marginal Error "ME"



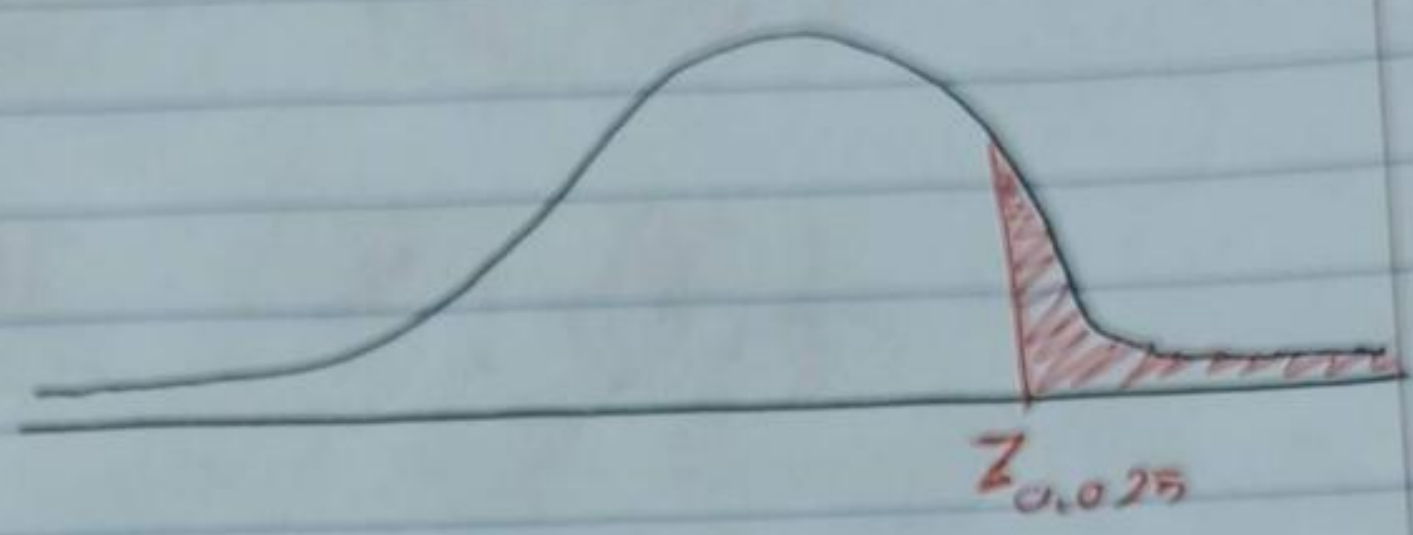
Ex. we calculate the confidence interval for pop mean
but 95% confidence interval for pop mean

$$L \rightarrow \frac{95}{100} = 0.95$$

$$1 - \alpha = 0.95$$

$$L \rightarrow \alpha = 0.05 \rightsquigarrow \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{0.05}{2} = 0.025$$

$$Z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} = Z_{0.025}$$



$$L \rightarrow 1 - 0.025 = 0.975$$

له باره بوي جدول

$$Z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} = 1.96$$

So the Confidence interval

$$\left(32 - 1.96 \frac{6}{\sqrt{50}}, 32 + 1.96 \frac{6}{\sqrt{50}} \right)$$

$$(30.336, 33.663)$$

So we are 95% Confidence that the pop mean is between (30.336, 33.663)

ملاحظه 1/ له باقى المظنه على الابيات الى كتور
ملاحظه 2/ كلما طولت الفترة الدقة تقل
ملاحظه 3/ كلما زادت الثقة الفترة بتؤبه

لنا

$$\text{Marginal Error} = ME = z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\text{Standard Error} = SE = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \left(\bar{x} - z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}, \bar{x} + z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \right)$$

$$\hookrightarrow \left(\bar{x} - ME, \bar{x} + ME \right)$$

$$\text{df} = (n-1) = n - a$$

$$(2, 4) = 4 - 2 = 2$$

$$\bar{x} + ME - (\bar{x} - ME)$$

$$\cancel{\bar{x}} + ME - \cancel{\bar{x}} + ME$$

$$\text{Interval length} = 2ME$$

$$\text{Interval length} = 2ME$$

$$\text{Ex} \rightsquigarrow (40, 50)$$

$$\text{Interval length} = 50 - 40 = 10$$

$$\text{ME} = ?$$

$$I.L = 10$$

$$I.L = 2ME \rightsquigarrow$$

$$\frac{10}{2} = \frac{2ME}{2}$$

$$\underline{ME = 5}$$

3) "مطمئن" if the Confidence level = 90%
what is the standard Error "SE"

$\frac{N}{A} \Rightarrow \frac{90}{100} = 0.9$
 $\alpha = 0.1 \Rightarrow \frac{\alpha}{2} = 0.05$

$1 - 0.05 = 0.95$
اعداد به جدول بعد اذنا average

$\hookrightarrow Z_{\alpha/2} = 1.645$ \rightsquigarrow $ME = 5$ (معیار و اطمینان)

$ME = 1.645 (SE)$

$\frac{5}{1.645} = \frac{1.645}{1.645} (SE)$

$SE = \frac{5}{1.645} = 3.0395$

لینا، جدول سوید، ہاں کتابہ چلیں ا تفرقہ

Confidence level	α	$Z_{\alpha/2}$
90%	0.1	1.645
95%	0.05	1.96
99%	0.01	2.576

مطمئن
n, SE

8.2 \rightarrow population mean $\rightarrow \sigma$ unknown

also known

$\hookrightarrow \sigma$ known $\rightarrow z$ table

σ unknown $\rightarrow t$ table

\hookrightarrow Confidence interval for the population mean μ when σ is unknown

$$\left(\bar{x} - t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}, \bar{x} + t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}} \right)$$

(for $\alpha = 0.10$)

Example \rightarrow To estimate the grade of BZU student in Tangzhi exam, we use a sample of 25 students

"8.2" \rightarrow The sample mean was 90 and the sample standard deviation was 10 grades

① Construct 90% C.I for the true mean of the tangzhi grades

② 95% C.I

③ 99% C.I

① → C.I = 90
 $\bar{x} = 90$

$n = 25$

$s = 10$

$\frac{90}{100} = 0.9$

$1 - \alpha = 0.9$

↳ $\alpha = 0.1 \rightarrow \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{0.1}{2} = 0.05$

$t_{0.05}$

نريد ان نعرف ما هو
الحد



$t_{0.05} = 1.711$

t based on $n-1 = 24$

↳ $\left(90 - 1.711 \frac{10}{\sqrt{25}}, 90 + 1.711 \frac{10}{\sqrt{25}} \right)$

$= (86.578, 93.422)$

↳ we are confident that the population mean
 between 86.578, 93.422

* ← هذا للباقيات نفس الفكرة ولكن الارقام بتختلف

مثالاً

Example: if the sample is 10, 8, 12, 15, 13, 11, 6, 5

what is the point estimate of the pop. mean

$$\bar{X} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}{n} \rightarrow \text{النظام الكلي} = 10$$

$$S = 3.464 \rightarrow \text{النظام الكلي، كما نعلم في التباين الكلي}$$

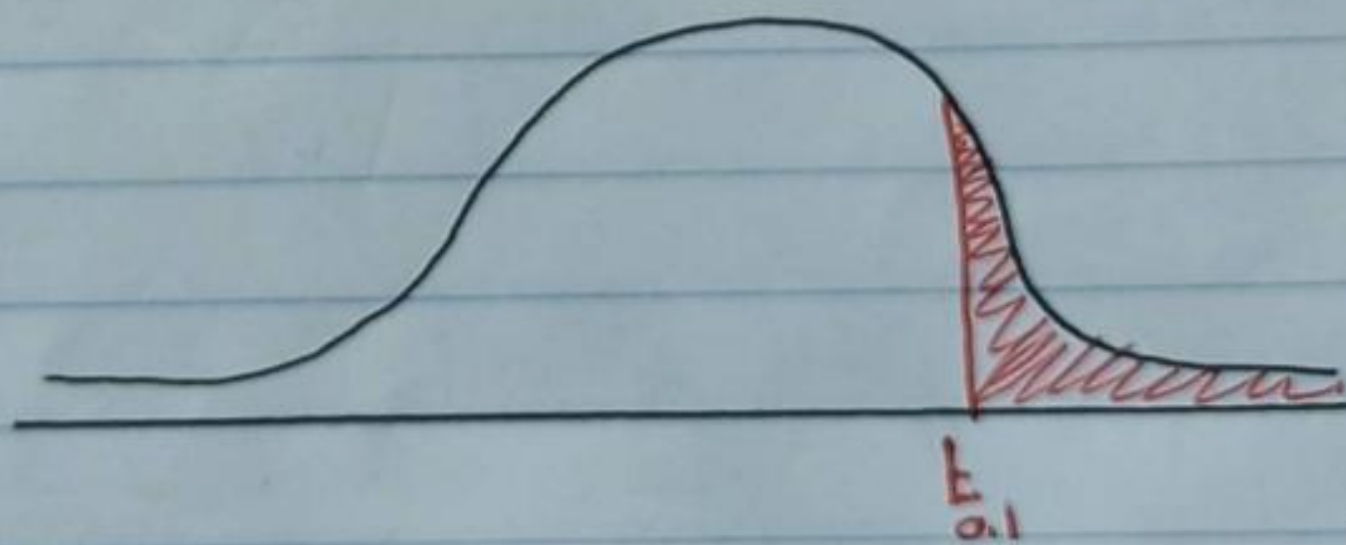
Construct 80% Confidence interval for the pop. mean

$$1 - \alpha = 0.8$$

$$\alpha = 0.2 \quad \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{0.2}{2} = 0.1$$

$$t_{\alpha/2} \rightarrow \{n-1 = 8-1 = 7\}$$

$$t_{0.1} = 1.415 \rightarrow \text{النظام الكلي}$$



$$\left(10 - 1.415 \frac{3.464}{\sqrt{8}}, 10 + 1.415 \frac{3.464}{\sqrt{8}} \right)$$

$$(8.267036, 11.732)$$