

# Resonance

• **Def:-** Resonance is a phenomenon that occurs when the reactance of the capacitor & inductor is the same

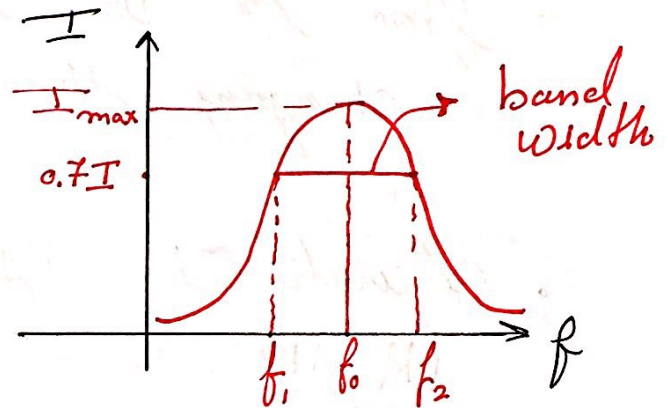
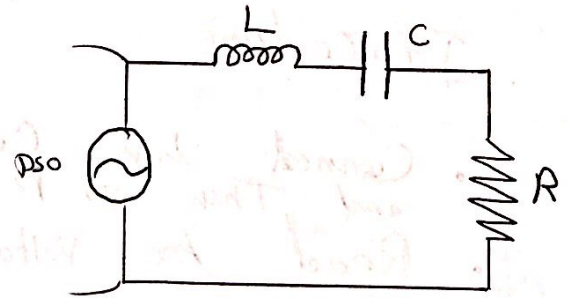
$$X_L = X_C$$

$$\omega L = \frac{1}{\omega C}$$

$$\rightarrow \omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$$

$$\Delta f = f_2 - f_1$$

= band width



## Quality factor

• A measure of the sharpness of the Resonance Curve

$$\rightarrow Q = \frac{f_0}{\Delta f} \quad (\text{experimentally})$$

$$\rightarrow Q = \frac{1}{R} \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}} \quad (\text{Theoretically})$$

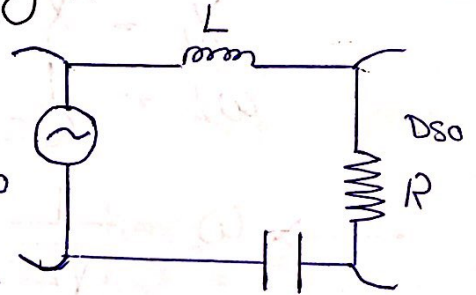
Alaa Staini

What we use :-

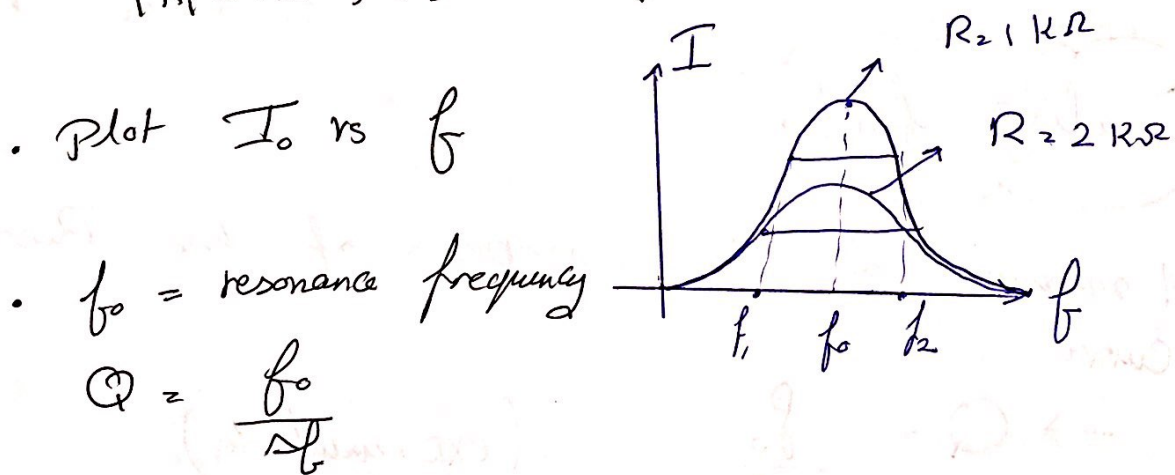
- L, C, R
- signal Generator & DSO

Procedure :-

- Connect this circuit - 1. Using R once as  $R = 1k\Omega$  and then as  $R = 2k\Omega$
- Read the voltage values from the DSO when changing the frequency.



- Calculate  $I_0$  By dividing each value on R ( $R_1 = 1k\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 2k\Omega$ )



- قيم بوحول الدارة كما هو موضح كتبت في R :-  $1k\Omega$  ثم  $2k\Omega$
- قم بقراءة قيم  $V$  من DSO عند كل نقطة  $f$
- قم بحساب التيار نسبة قيم  $V$  على R
- ارسم  $I$  vs  $f$  واحس  $Q$  و  $f_0$

Alaa Etaiwi