

Statics ENCE 233 ; HW (2): Key Solution

Q. 11

a) $\sum M_A = 0$

$$25 \cos 20 (650 - 450) + 25 \sin 20 (650 + 350) + 30 \sin 45 (650) - 30 \cos 45 (650) + B (650) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow B = 20.38 \text{ kN}$$

* Note: One could notice that the force 30 kN \uparrow passes through point A. So, it makes no moment about A.

$\sum F_x = 0$

$$A_x + 25 \cos 20 + B - 30 \cos 45 = 0$$

$$A_x = 22.66 \text{ kN} \rightarrow$$

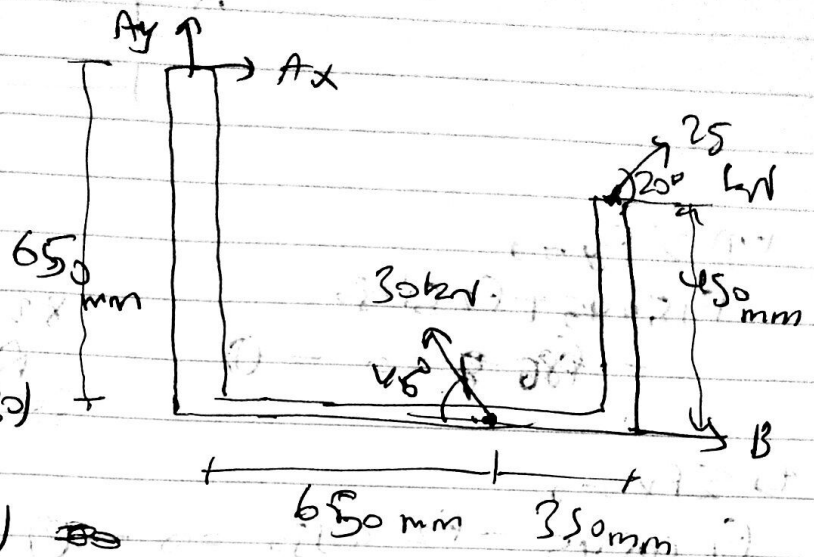
$\sum F_y = 0$

$$A_y + 25 \sin 20 + 30 \sin 45 = 0$$

$$A_y = 29.76 \text{ kN} \rightarrow A_y = 29.76 \text{ kN} \downarrow$$

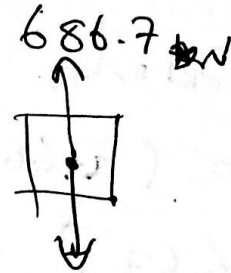
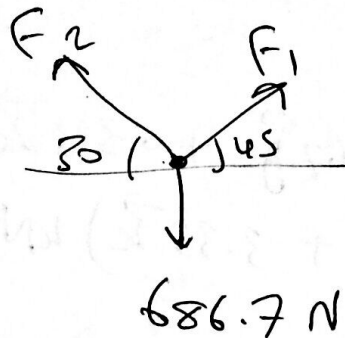
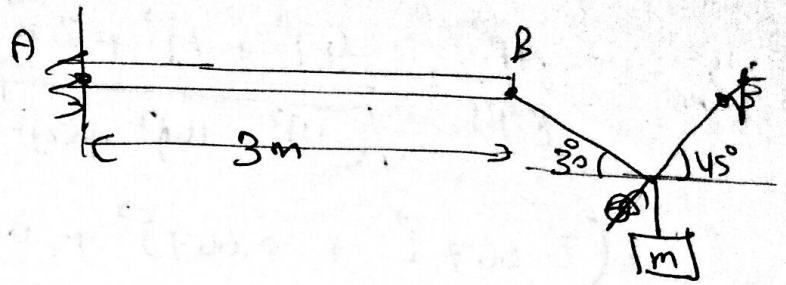
b) $\sum M_B =$

$$-A_y (650 + 350) - A_x (650) + 25 \cos 20 (450) - 30 \sin 45 (350) = -2.965 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$



Q.2

$m = 70 \text{ kg}$



$70 \times 9.81 = 686.7 \text{ N}$

$\rightarrow \Sigma F_x = 0:$

$F_2 \cos 30 = F_1 \cos 45 \rightarrow F_2 = F_1 \frac{\cos 45}{\cos 30} \dots (1)$

$\uparrow \Sigma F_y = 0.0:$

$F_2 \sin 30 + F_1 \sin 45 = 686.7 \text{ N} \rightarrow (2)$

$F_1 \frac{\cos 45}{\cos 30} \sin 30 + F_1 \sin 45 = 686.7 \text{ N}$

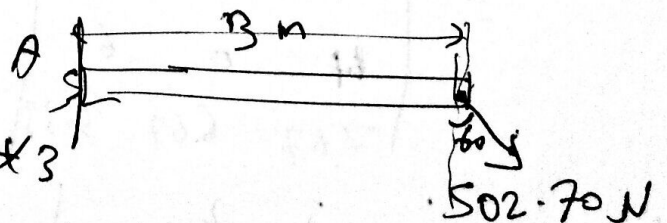
$F_1 = 615.68 \text{ N}$

$F_2 = 615.68 \times \frac{\cos 45}{\cos 30} = 502.70$

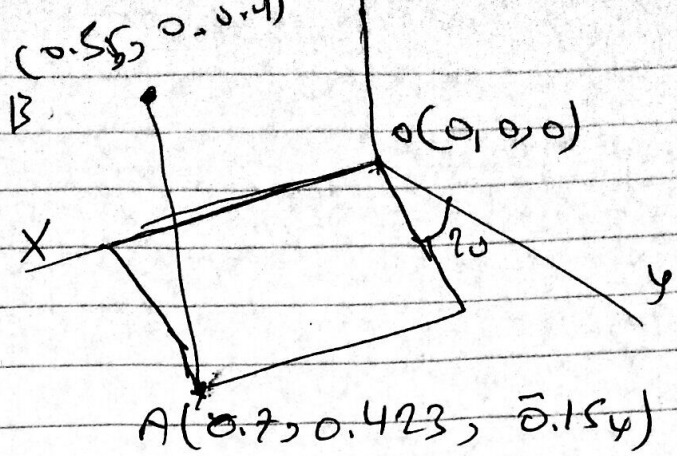
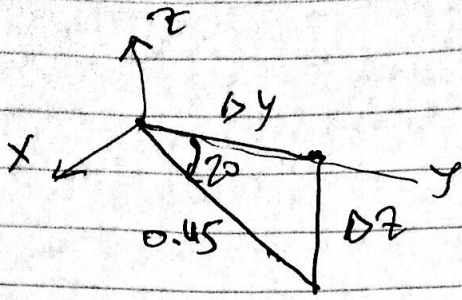
$F_2 = 502.70 \text{ N}$

$M_A = 502.70 \times \cos 60 \times 3$

$= 754.05 \text{ N.m clockwise}$



Q.3]



$$\Delta z = 0.45 \sin 20 = 0.154$$

$$\Delta y = 0.45 \cos 20 = 0.423$$

$$\vec{r}_{AB} = 0.35\vec{i} - 0.423\vec{j} + 0.554\vec{k}$$

$$T = 143.4 \text{ N}$$

$$|\vec{r}_{AB}| = 0.78$$

$$\vec{T}_{AB} = \frac{143.4}{0.78} (0.35\vec{i} - 0.423\vec{j} + 0.554\vec{k})$$

$$\vec{T}_{AB} = 64.2\vec{i} - 77.8\vec{j} + 101.9\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{r}_{BA} = 0.7\vec{i} + 0.423\vec{j} - 0.154\vec{k}$$

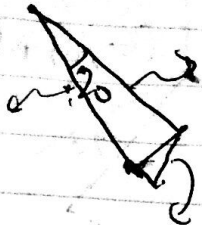
$$M_o = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ 0.7 & 0.423 & -0.154 \\ 64.2 & -77.8 & 101.9 \end{vmatrix} = 31.12\vec{i} - 61.44\vec{j} - 27.3\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{r}_x = \vec{i}$$

$$M_x = \vec{r}_x \cdot \vec{M}_o$$

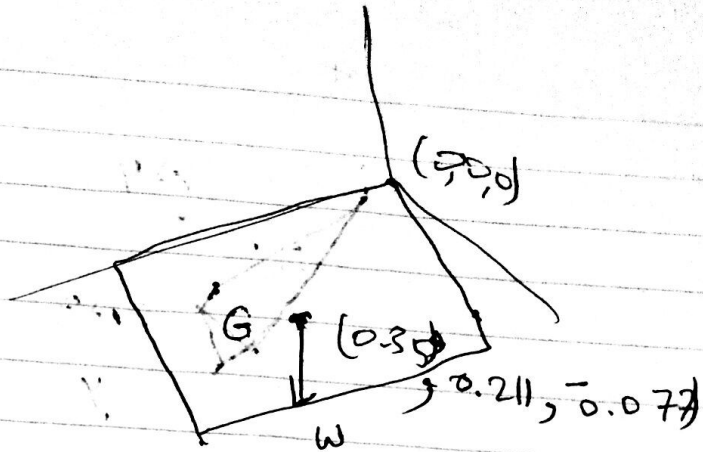
$$= 31.12\vec{i}$$

$\frac{0.45}{2}$



$\Delta y = \frac{0.45}{2} \cos 20$
 $= 0.211$

$\Delta z = \frac{0.45}{2} \sin 20$
 $= 0.077$



$$W = (9 \times 9.8) = 147.15 \text{ N } \vec{k}$$

$$\vec{r}_{OG} = 0.35\vec{i} + 0.211\vec{j} - 0.077\vec{k}$$

$$M_O = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ 0.35 & 0.211 & 0.077 \\ 0 & 0 & -147.15 \end{vmatrix} = -31.04\vec{i} + 51.5\vec{j}$$

$$M_x = r_x \cdot M_O = -31.04$$

produce moment equal in magnitude and opposite in direction.

Since the moment of tension AB about point B is zero, then the moment of TAB about line OB is zero

$$M_{OB} = \int_{ABO} (\vec{r}_{BO} \times T_{AB})$$

\downarrow
 zero

$$\vec{\lambda}_{AB} = \frac{\vec{AB}}{|\vec{AB}|} = \frac{-4\vec{i} + 4\vec{j} + 2\vec{k}}{\sqrt{(-4)^2 + 4^2 + 2^2}}$$

$$= (0.667\vec{i} + 0.667\vec{j} + 0.333\vec{k}) \text{ m.}$$

$$\vec{F}_{AB} = |\vec{F}_{AB}| \cdot \vec{\lambda}_{AB}$$

$$= 10 (0.667\vec{i} + 0.667\vec{j} + 0.333\vec{k})$$

$$= (6.67\vec{i} + 6.67\vec{j} + 3.33\vec{k}) \text{ kN.}$$

$$\vec{\lambda}_{AC} = \frac{\vec{AC}}{|\vec{AC}|} = \frac{(2\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} - 6\vec{k})}{\sqrt{(2)^2 + (3)^2 + (-6)^2}}$$

$$= (0.2857\vec{i} + 0.4286\vec{j} - 0.8571\vec{k}) \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{F}_{AC} = |\vec{F}_{AC}| \vec{\lambda}_{AC}$$

$$= 20 (0.2857\vec{i} + 0.4286\vec{j} - 0.8571\vec{k})$$

$$= (5.71\vec{i} + 20.43\vec{j} - 17.14\vec{k}) \text{ kN.}$$

$$M_{OAB} = \vec{r}_{OA} \times \vec{F}_{AB}$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ 4 & 0 & 6 \\ -6.67 & 6.67 & 3.33 \end{vmatrix} = (-40.02\vec{i} + 53.34\vec{j} + 26.68\vec{k}) \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$M_{OAC} = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ 4 & 0 & 6 \\ 5.71 & 20.43 & -17.14 \end{vmatrix} = (122.58\vec{i} + 102.82\vec{j} + 81.72\vec{k}) \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

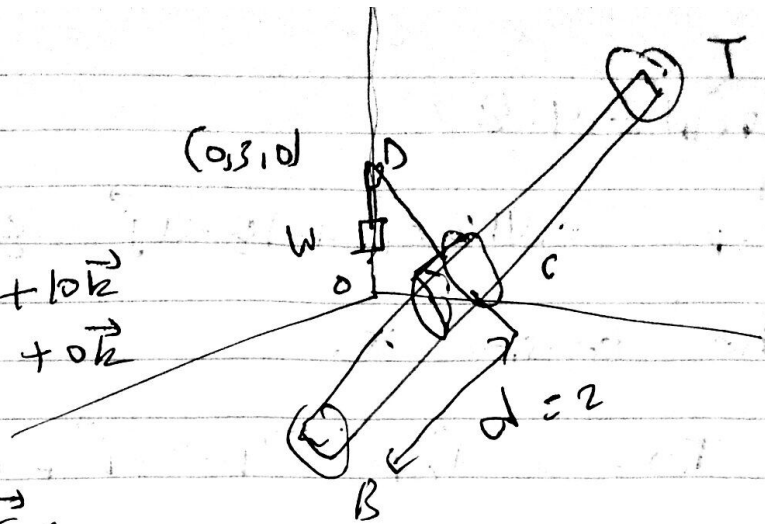
$$(M_O = 82.56\vec{i} + 49.48\vec{j} + 108.4\vec{k}) \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

Q.5]

$$W = 100$$

$$\vec{r}_{OB} = 3\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + 10\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{r}_{OT} = 12\vec{i} + 10\vec{j} + 0\vec{k}$$



$$\vec{r}_{BT} = \vec{r}_{OT} - \vec{r}_{OB}$$

$$= 9\vec{i} + 10\vec{j} - 10\vec{k} \quad \rightarrow \quad |\vec{r}_{BT}| = 16.767$$

$$\vec{\lambda}_{BT} = 0.536\vec{i} + 0.5965\vec{j} - 0.5965\vec{k}$$

So, the position vector of point C relative to the bottom of the bar:

$$\vec{r}_{BC} = 2\vec{\lambda}_{BT} = 1.074\vec{i} + 1.193\vec{j} - 1.193\vec{k}$$

Magnitude
 $d = 2$

the position vector of point C relative to the origin

$$\vec{r}_{OC} = \vec{r}_{OB} + \vec{r}_{BC} = 4.074\vec{i} + 1.193\vec{j} + 8.807\vec{k}$$

the position vector of point D is:

$$\vec{r}_{OD} = 0\vec{i} + 3\vec{j} + 0\vec{k}$$

the vector parallel to line CD:

$$\vec{r}_{CD} = \vec{r}_{OD} - \vec{r}_{OC} = -4.074\vec{i} - 8.807\vec{k} + 1.807\vec{j}$$

$$|\vec{r}_{CD}| = 9.87$$

$$\vec{r}_{CD} = 0.4127\vec{i} + 18.31\vec{j} - 89.23\vec{k}$$

the tension is:

$$\vec{T}_{CD} = 100 \vec{r}_{CD} = 41.27\vec{i} + 18.31\vec{j} - 89.23\vec{k}$$

the magnitude of the moment about the z axis:

$$|M_z| = r_z \cdot (r_{OC} \times T_{CD})$$

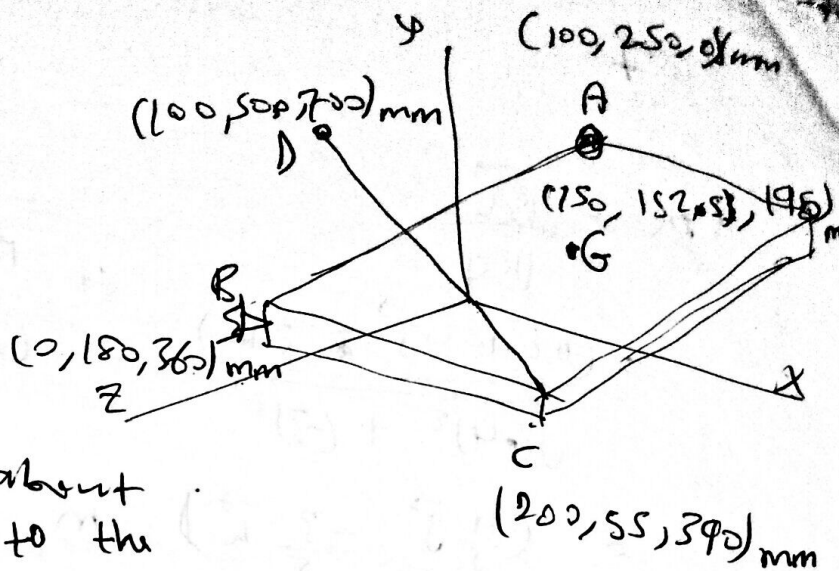
$$= \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 4.074 & 1.193 & 8.807 \\ 41.27 & 18.31 & -89.23 \end{vmatrix} = 123.83$$

Q.6

Weight $\Rightarrow = 4 \text{ kg}$

$$W = 4 \times 9.81$$

$$= 39.24 \text{ N.}$$



Calculate the moment about the line BA due to the two forces:

$$\vec{n}_{BA} = \frac{\vec{BA}}{|\vec{BA}|} = \frac{0.1\vec{i} + 0.07\vec{j} - 0.36\vec{k}}{\sqrt{0.1445}}$$

$$= 0.2631\vec{i} + 0.1841\vec{j} - 0.9470\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{r}_1 = (0.2\vec{i} - 0.125\vec{j} + 0.03\vec{k})$$

$$F_1 = T_{CD} \frac{(0.1\vec{i} + 0.445\vec{j} + 0.03\vec{k})}{\sqrt{0.304125}}$$

$$r_2 = (0.15\vec{i} - 0.0275\vec{j} - 0.165\vec{k}) \text{ m}$$

$$F_2 = -(4 \text{ kg}) (9.81) \vec{j}$$

$$M_{BA} = \vec{r}_{BA} \cdot (\vec{r}_1 \times F_1 + \vec{r}_2 \times F_2)$$

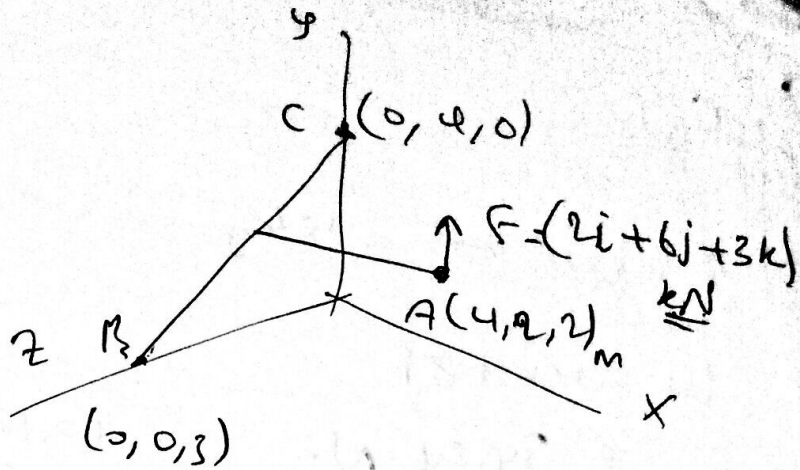
$$M_{BA} = 3871 - 0.17793 T_{CD} = 0 \Rightarrow T_{CD} = 21.8 \text{ N.}$$

Q.7

$$\lambda_{BC} = \frac{\vec{BC}}{|\vec{BC}|}$$

$$= \frac{(0\vec{i} + 4\vec{j} - 3\vec{k})}{\sqrt{(4)^2 + (-3)^2}}$$

$$= \left(\frac{4}{5}\vec{j} - \frac{3}{5}\vec{k}\right) \text{ m}$$



$$M_B = \vec{r}_{BA} \times \vec{F}$$

$$\vec{r}_{BA} = 4\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - 1\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{M}_B = (4\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - 1\vec{k}) \times (2\vec{i} + 6\vec{j} + 3\vec{k})$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ 4 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 6 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = (2 \times 3 + 6)\vec{i} - (4 \times 3 + 2)\vec{j} + (24 - 4)\vec{k}$$

$$= (12\vec{i} - 14\vec{j} + 20\vec{k}) \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$M_{AC} = \lambda_{BC} \cdot \vec{M}_B = \left(\frac{4}{5}\vec{j} - \frac{3}{5}\vec{k}\right) \cdot (12\vec{i} - 14\vec{j} + 20\vec{k})$$

$$= \left(\frac{4}{5} \times 20 - \frac{3 \times 14}{5}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{4}{5} \times 20 - \frac{42}{5}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{80}{5} - \frac{42}{5}\right)$$

$$= \frac{38}{5} = 7.6 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$= -9.2 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$