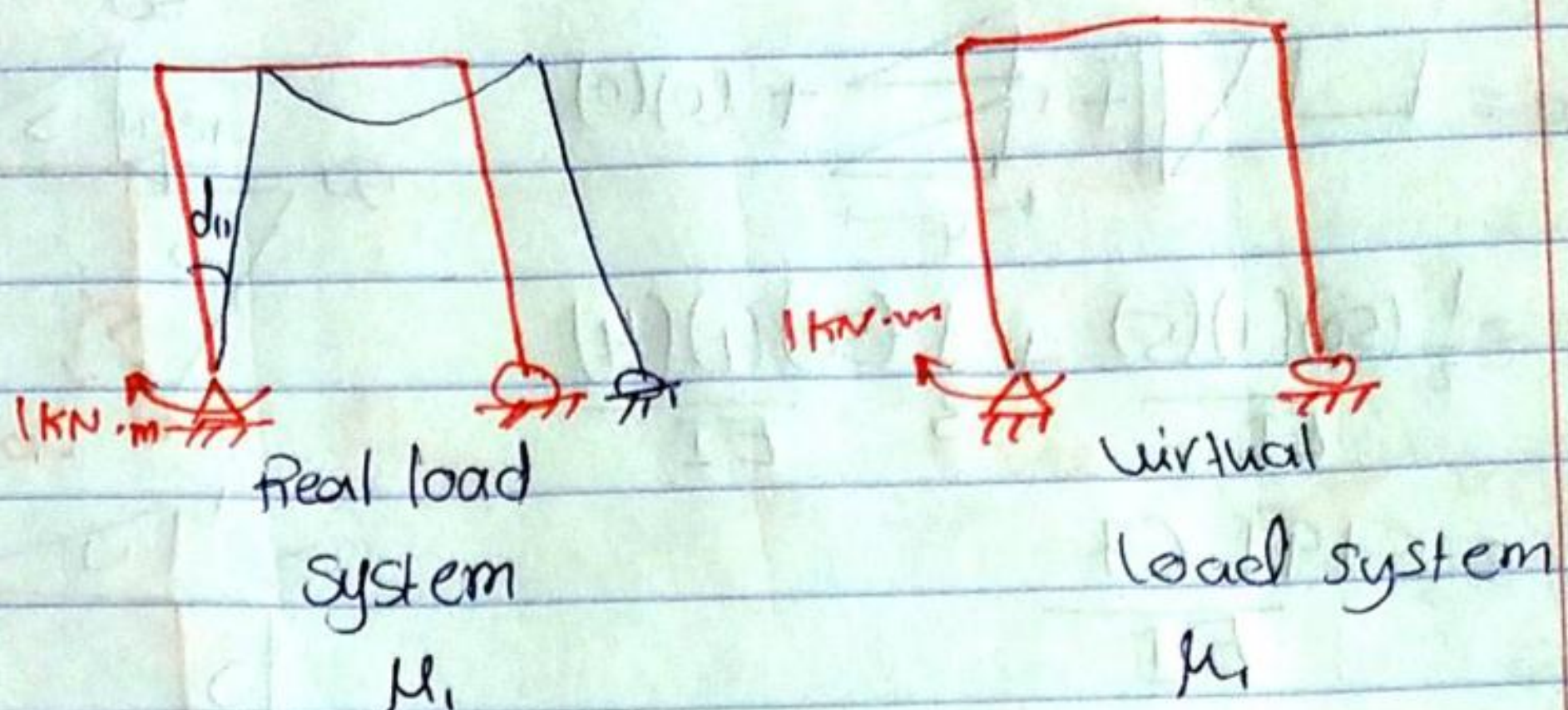


→ Find  $d_{11}$

$$d_{11} = \int \frac{M_1^2}{EI} dx$$

$$= \frac{(1)(1)(5)}{EI} + \frac{1}{3} \frac{(1)(1)(4)}{EI}$$

$$= \frac{6.33}{EI}$$

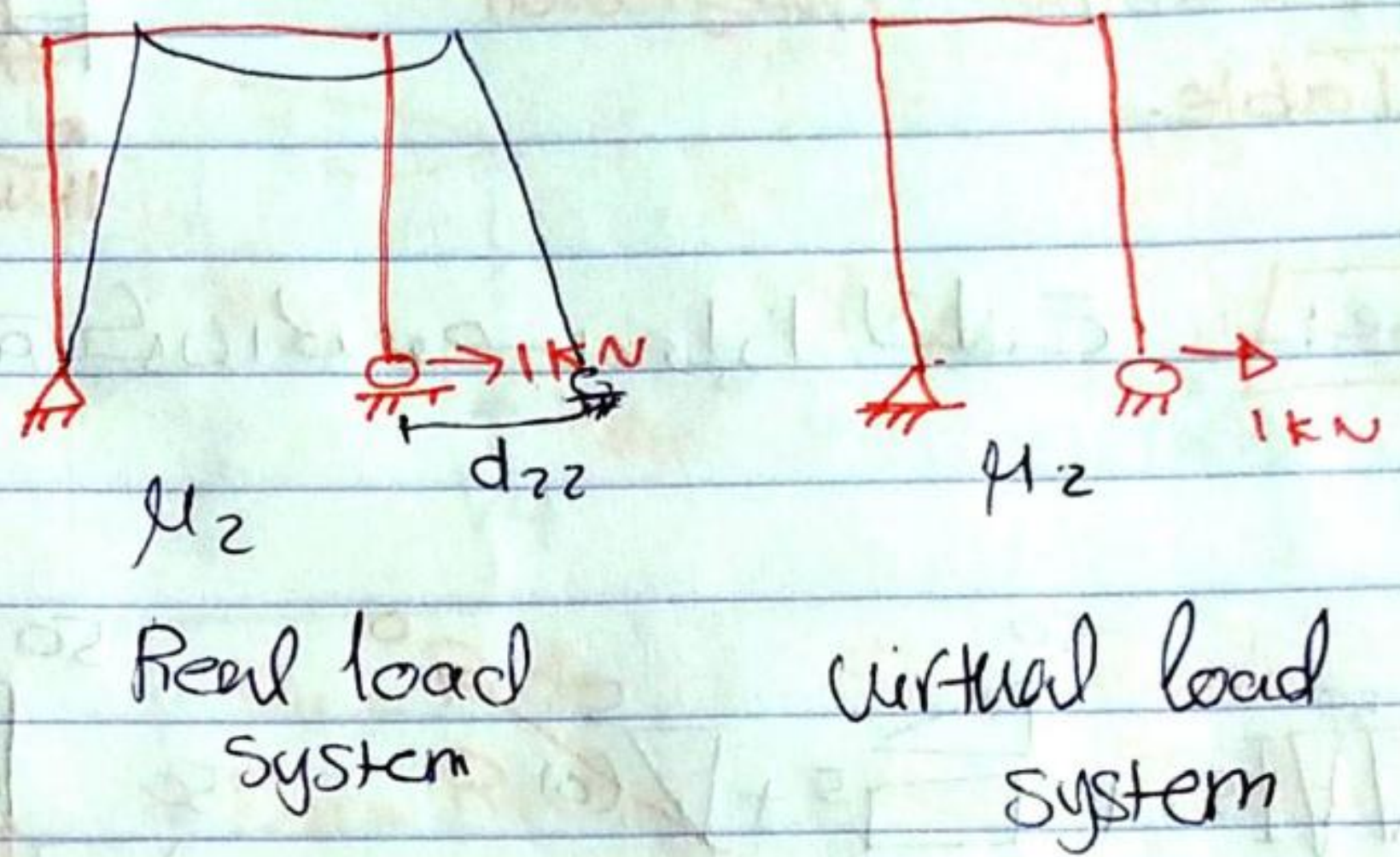


→ Find  $d_{22}$

$$d_{22} = \int \frac{M_2^2}{EI} dx$$

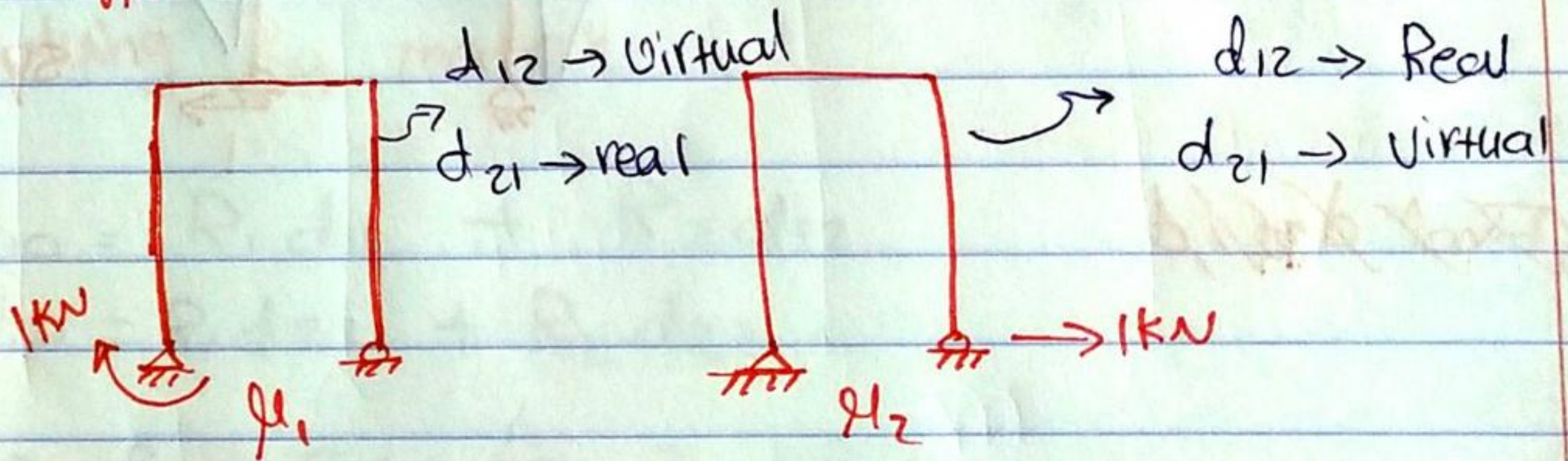
$$= \left[ \frac{1}{3} \frac{(5)(5)(5)}{EI} \right] + \frac{(5)(5)(4)}{EI}$$

=



→ Find  $d_{12}$  = rotation at A caused by horizontal force at D.

$d_{21}$  = horizontal displa. at D caused by moment at A.



$$\therefore d_{12} = \int \frac{M_1 M_2}{EI} dx$$

$$, \quad d_{21} = \int \frac{M_2 M_1}{EI} dx$$

$$d_{12} = d_{21} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{(1)(5)(5)}{EI} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(1)(5)(4)}{EI}$$

$$= \frac{22.5}{EI}$$

**Maxwell's theorem of reciprocal displacements**  
 \*In general  $d_{ij} = d_{ji}$

→ Equations solutions:-

-  $D_{10} = R_1 d_{11} + R_2 d_{12}$   
 -  $D_{20} = R_1 d_{21} + R_2 d_{22}$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} -191.67 \\ \frac{-916.67}{EI} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6.33/EI & 22.5/EI \\ 22.5/EI & 183.33/EI \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} R_1 \\ R_2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

↳ flexibility matrix

• Following Cramer's rule

$$R_1 = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} -191.67 & 22.5 \\ -916.67 & 183.33 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} 6.33 & 22.5 \\ 22.5 & 183.33 \end{vmatrix}} = -22.2 \text{ kN.m}$$

• symmetric matrix  $\Rightarrow d_{ij} = d_{ji}$   
 • square matrix

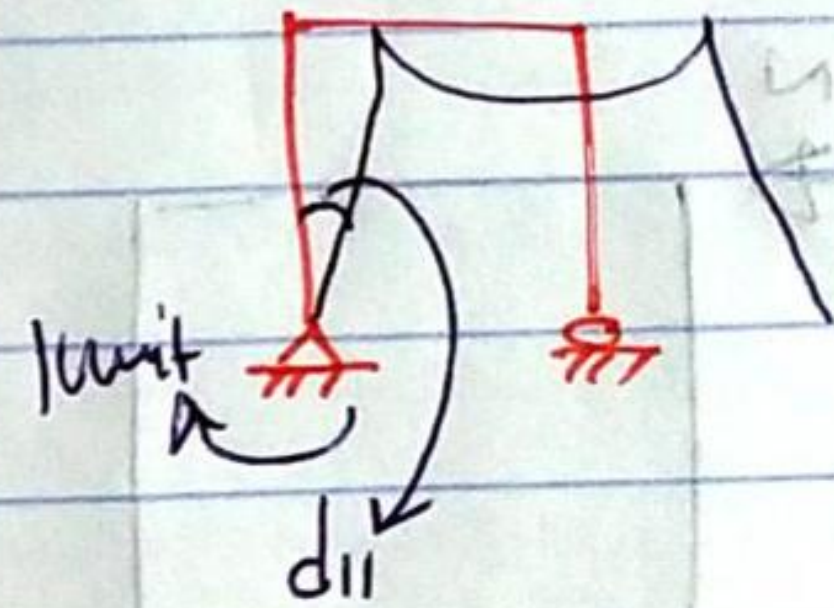
↳  $\Rightarrow H_A = R_1 = 22.2 \text{ kN.m}$

$$R_2 = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} 6.33 & -191.67 \\ 22.5 & -916.67 \end{vmatrix}}{\begin{vmatrix} 6.33 & 22.5 \\ 22.5 & 183.33 \end{vmatrix}} = -2.3 \text{ kN}$$

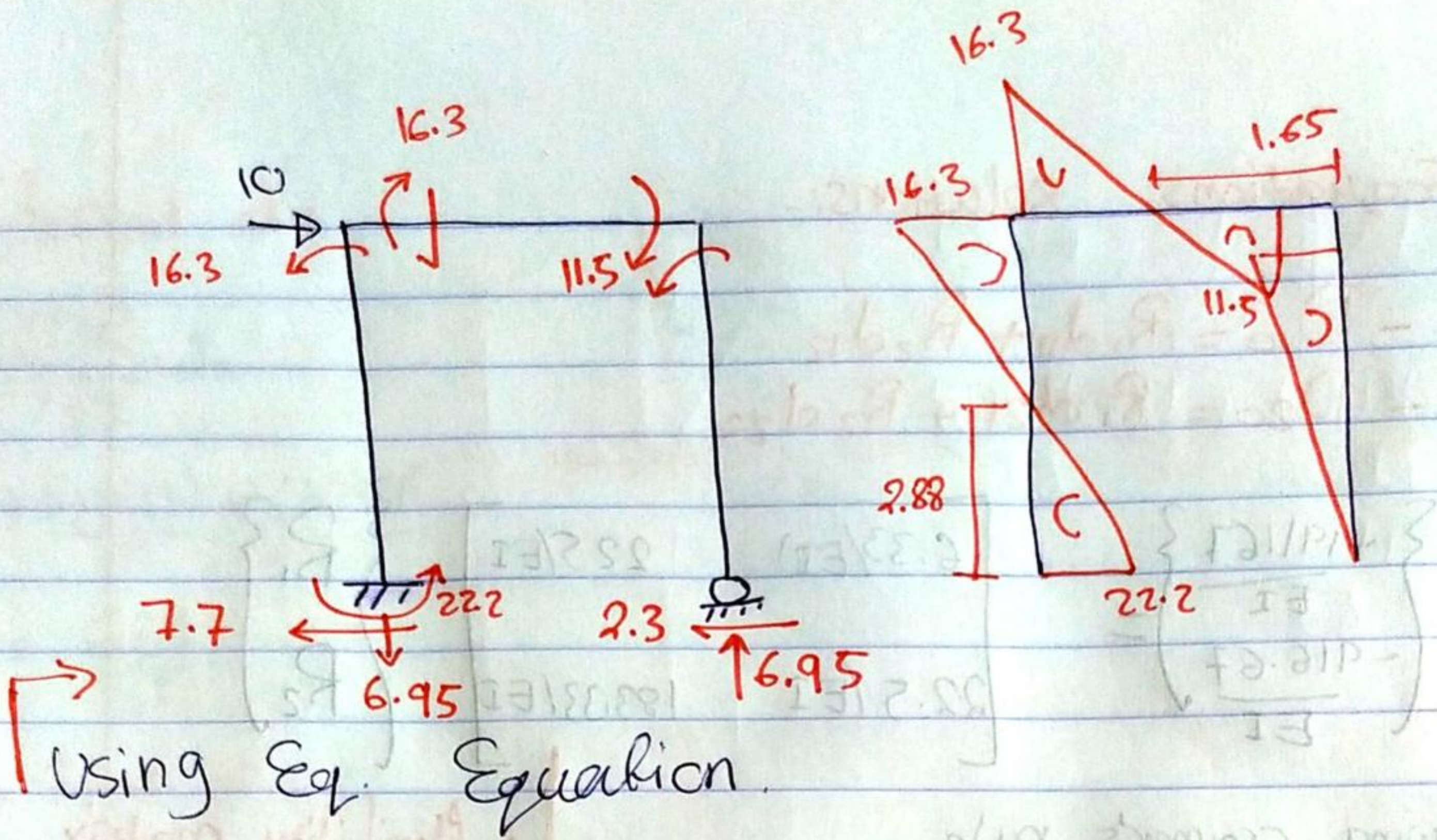
$\Rightarrow D_x = R_2 = 2.3 \text{ kN}$

⇒ Notes: flexibility coefficient.

•  $d_{ii}$  flexibility Ceff. deformation due to one unit force.



• Important to guess if the system is flexible or stiff  
 • depend on ① Geometry ② EI

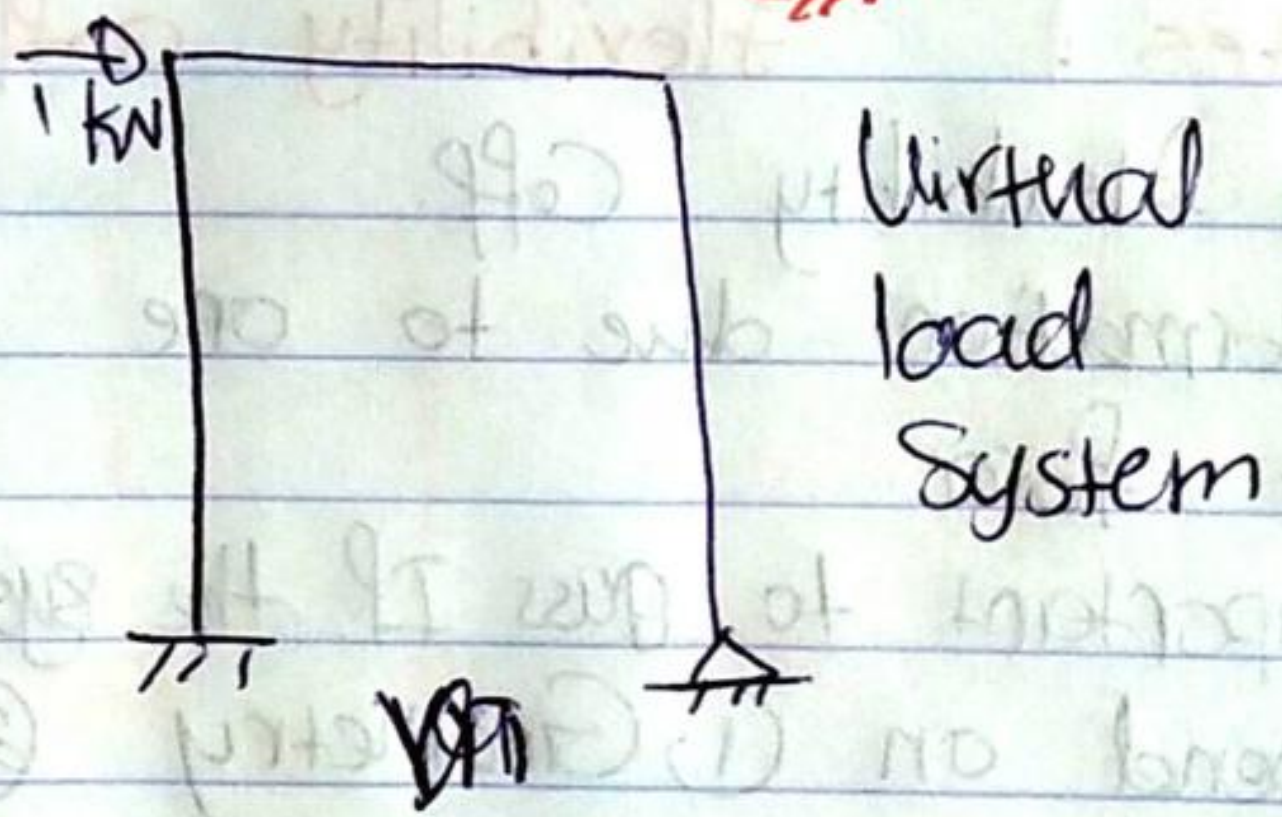
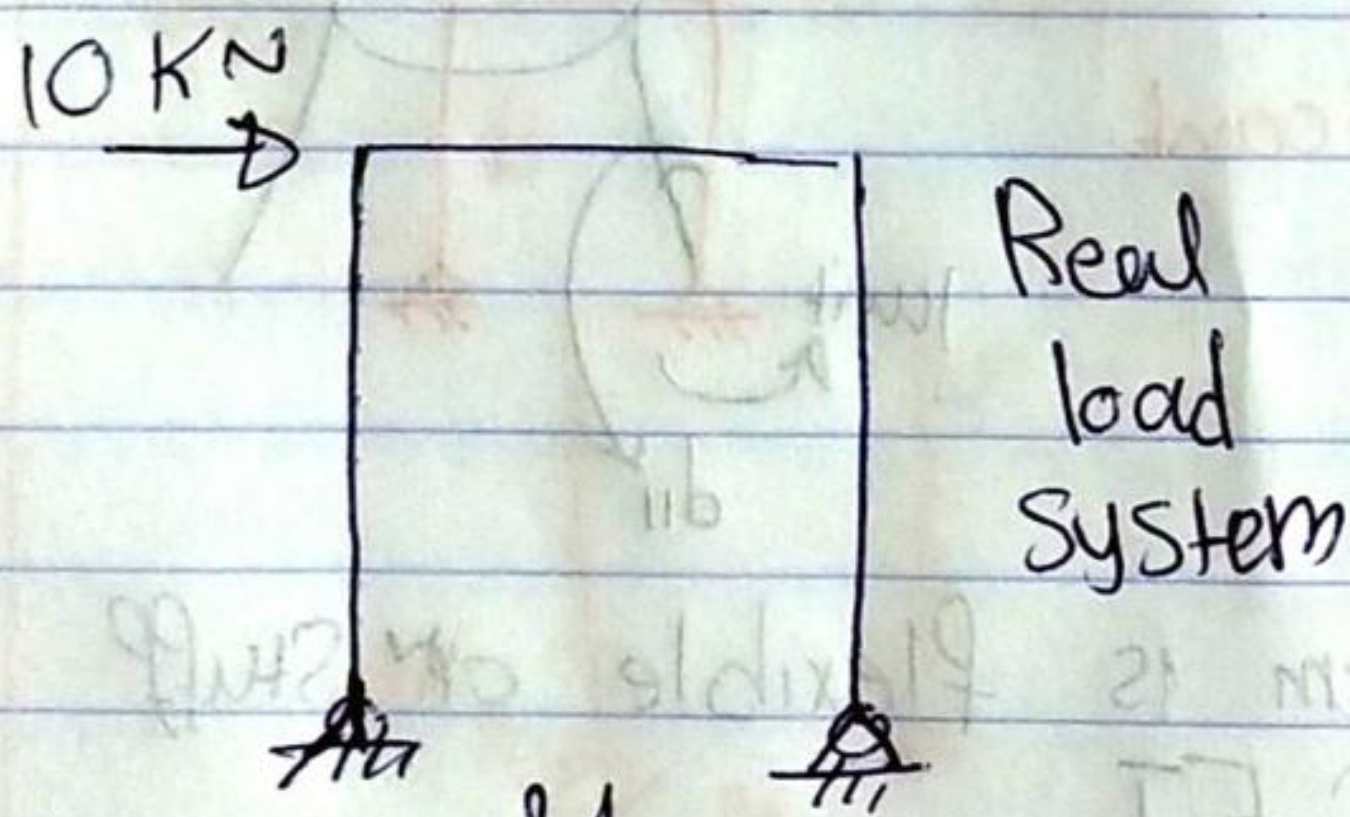
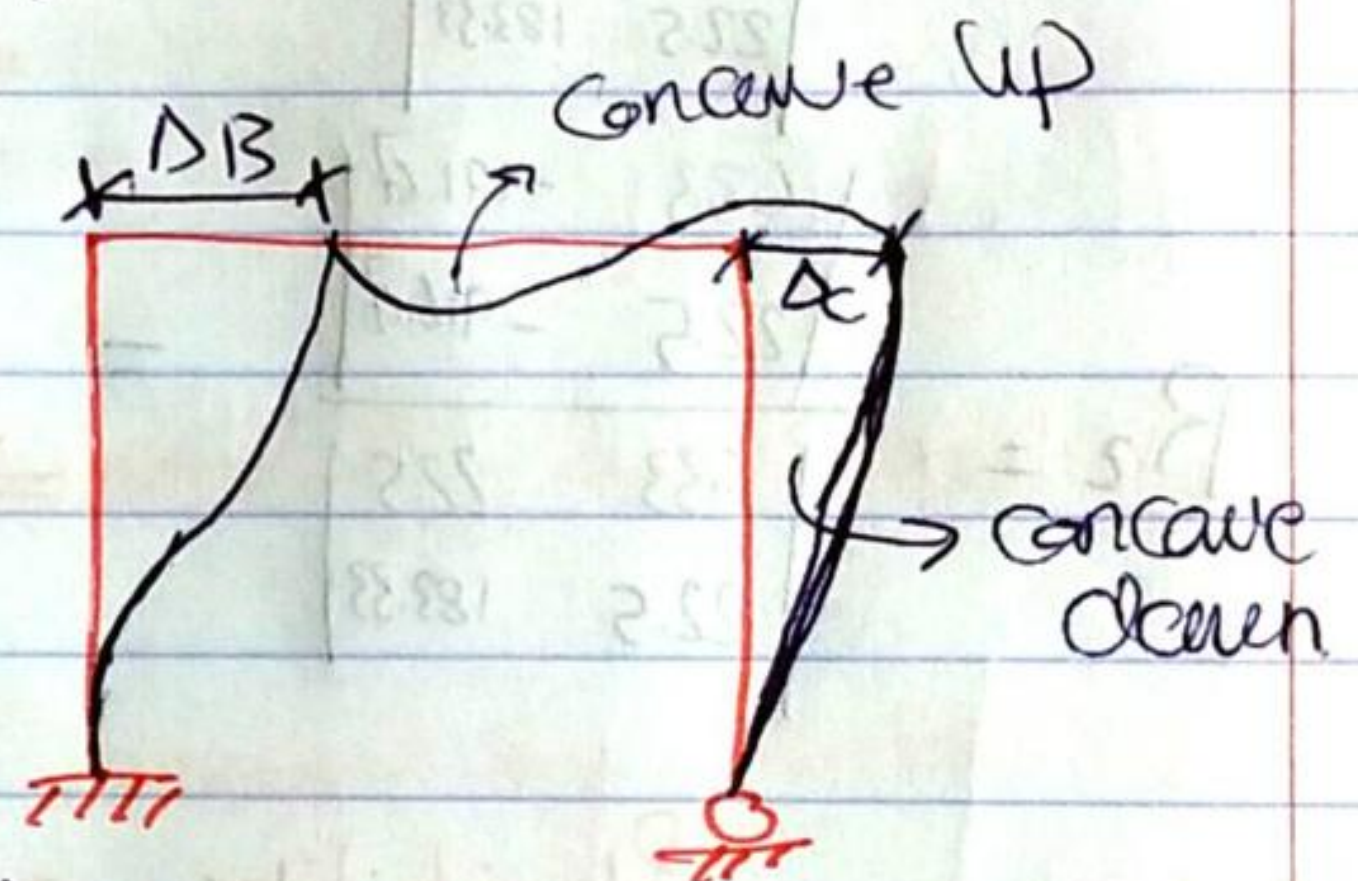


Using Eq. Equation.

- Steps:-
- ① write Compatibility Equations.
  - ② Use Force - deformation relationships
  - ③ Use Eger Equations.

$\Delta_B = \Delta_C = \Delta$

Ignore axial load deformation in frame elements.

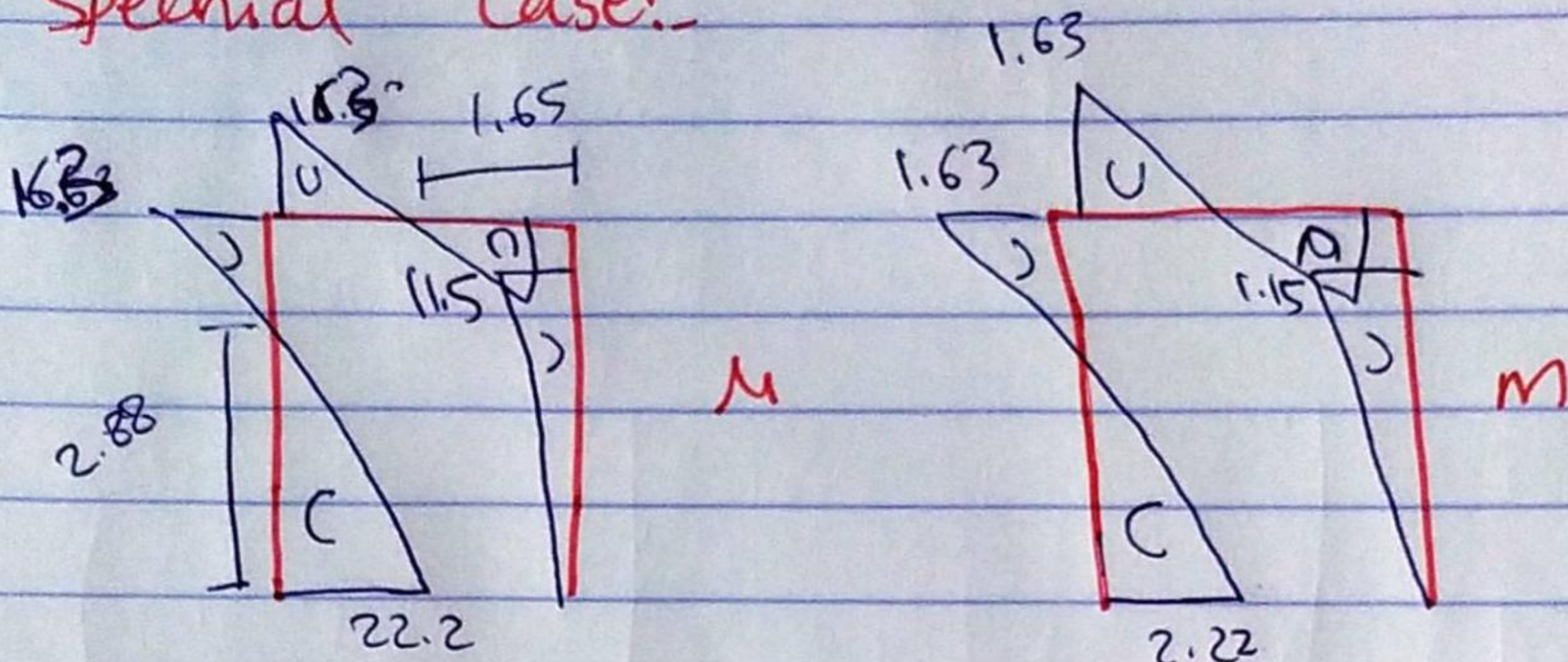


$$\Delta = \int \frac{mM}{EI} dx$$

Statically Indef.

Find the value of  $\Delta$ ?

\* Special Case:



$$\Delta = \int \frac{mM}{EI} dx$$

$$= \frac{(22.2 \times 2.88 \times 2.22) + (2.12)(16.3)(1.63) + (1.63)(16.3)(2.35) + (1.15)(11.5)(1.65) + (5)(1.15)(11.5)}{3EI}$$

$$= \frac{348.639}{3EI} = \frac{116.213}{EI}$$