Software Engineering (COMP433)

Introduction

Section: 1

Location: N/A; Time: Tuesday & Thursday::10:00-11:15

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web-page:

- Software development is Complex!
- Important to distinguish "small" systems (one developer, one user, experimental use only) from "Complex" systems (multiple developers, multiple users, products)
- Experience with "small" systems is misleading
 - One person techniques do not scale up
- Analogy with bridge building:
 - A bridge over a stream = easy, one person job
 - A bridge over a River ... ? (the techniques do not scale)

The problem is *complexity*

Complexity depends on <u>many factors</u>, but *size* is a key factor:

UNIX:

v 1 (1971) contains 10,000 lines of code

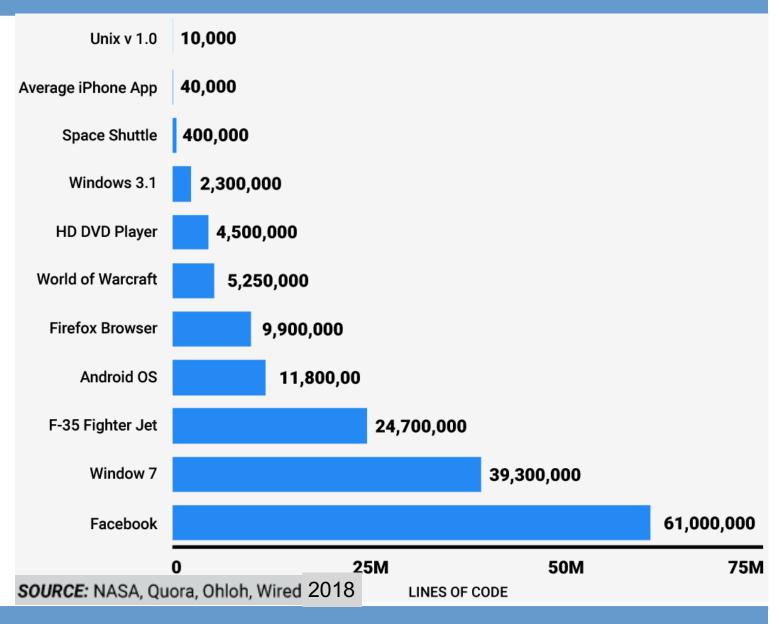
v 10 (1989) contains 4 million lines of code

Windows:

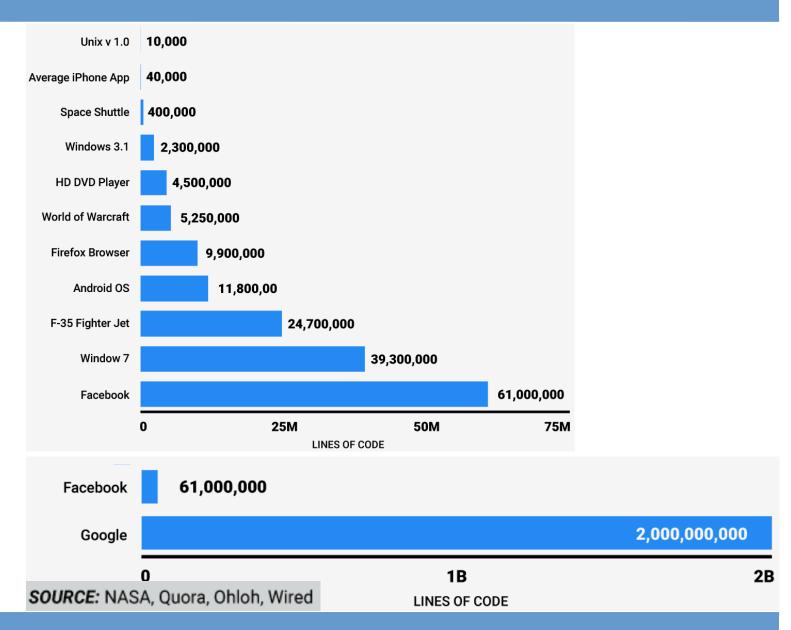
Windows 2000 contains 100 million lines of code

Windows 7 contains 39.3 million lines of code (?)

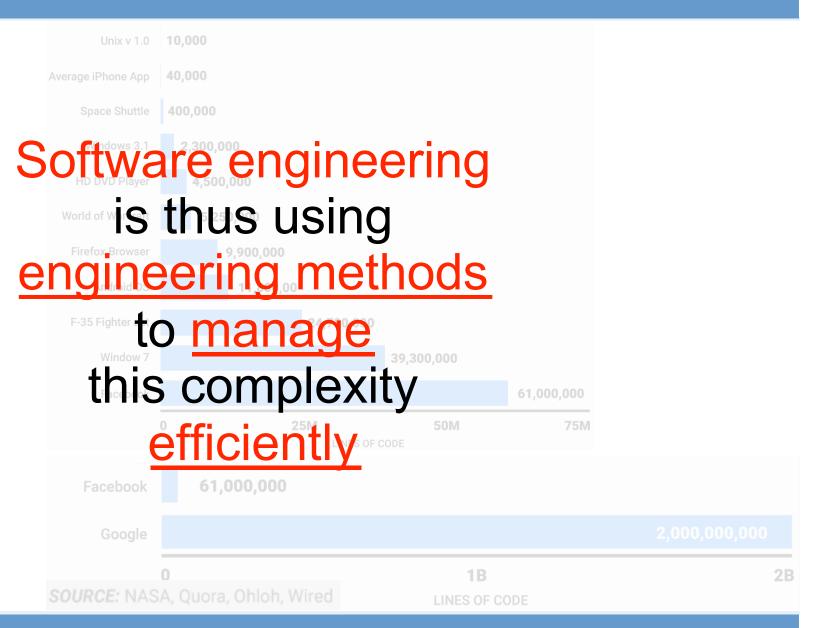
complexity
and
Size
matter!



Complexity
increases as
Size
increases!



Complexity increases as Size increases!



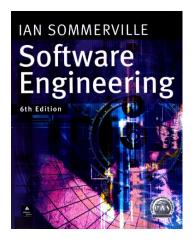
Teaching method

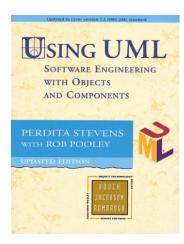
- Lectures (~3hrs per week)
- Independent Student Reading
- Practical work (a group project)
- Tutorials (in lectures) Analytical/ Cognitive Analysis

Course Assessment	
Mid-term + Quizzes	30%
 Group Project/Assignment 	35%
• Final	35%

Recommended Course Textbooks

- Sommerville I. (2010) **Software Engineering** 9th Edition, Addison-Wesley, Harlow, Essex, UK (6th, 7th, or 8th would suffice)
- Bruegge and Dutoit, *Object-Oriented Software Engineering Using UML*, *Patterns*, and *Java*, Prentice Hall 3rd Edition
- Stevens P. with Pooley, R. (2005)
 Using UML: Software Engineering with Objects and Components,
 2nd Ed., Addison-Wesley, Harlow, Essex, UK
- Jeffrey A. Hoffer, Joey F. George, Joseph S. Valacich. (2005) *Modern System Analysis and Design* 4th - 6th Edition, Prentice Hall.
- Roger Pressman (2014), Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach 6-8th Edition, McGraw-Hill.





What is the difference between software engineering and computer science?

Computer Science

Software Engineering

is concerned with



Algorithms, date structures, complexity theory, numerical methods

Understanding domain challenges the practicalities of developing and delivering useful quality software

SE deals with practical problems in complex software products

Computer science theories are currently insufficient to act as a complete underpinning for software engineering, BUT they provide a foundation for practical aspects of software engineering