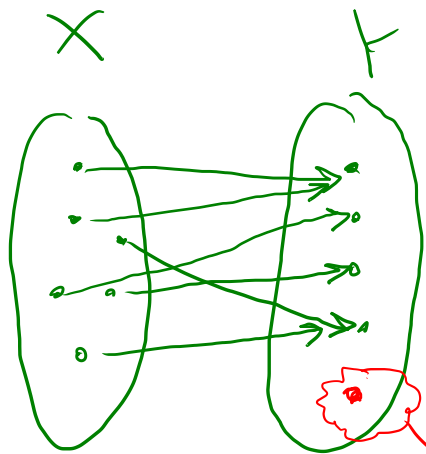


Onto: Every element in codomain has at least one image in domain. (Surjective)

Def: $F: X \rightarrow Y$ is onto $\iff \forall y \in Y, \exists x \in X$
such that $F(x) = y$

$F: X \rightarrow Y$ isn't onto $\iff \exists y \in Y$ such
that $\forall x \in X, F(x) \neq y$



Function (✓) Test
Onto (✓)

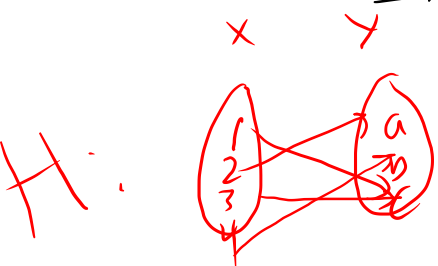
If it's exists, then \implies this function isn't onto.

Ex:

Let $X = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $Y = \{a, b, c\}$

Define:

$H: X \rightarrow Y$ as follows



$H(1) = c$, $H(2) = a$, $H(3) = c$, $H(4) = b$

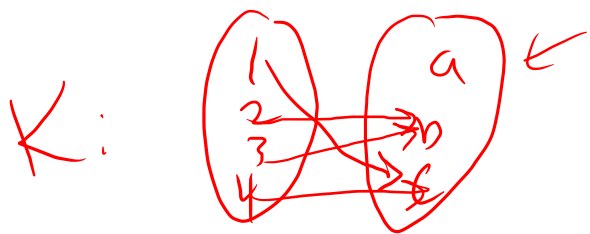
$K: X \rightarrow Y$ as follows

Is it onto

$K(1) = c$, $K(2) = b$, $K(3) = b$, $K(4) = c$

H ? Test: function (✓), Yes, it onto

K ? Test: function (✓), - {a}, NOT onto.



Ex:

$f: \underline{\mathbb{R}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbb{R}}$, $h: \underline{\mathbb{Z}} \rightarrow \underline{\mathbb{Z}}$ by rules.

$$f(x) = 4x - 1, \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$h(n) = 4n - 1, \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

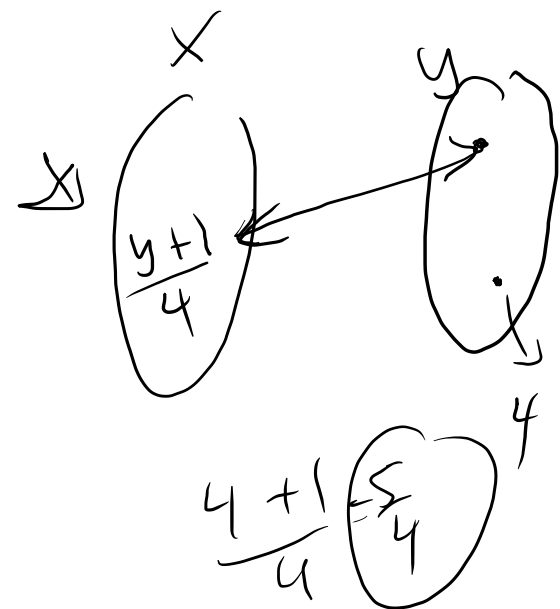
Is f onto? . Is h onto?

$$f(x) = y \Rightarrow 4x - 1 = y$$

$$\therefore 4x = y + 1$$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{y+1}{4} \in \mathbb{R} \quad \checkmark \quad \underline{\text{onto}}$$

$$\Rightarrow h(n) = y \Rightarrow 4n - 1 = y \Rightarrow \underline{n} = \frac{y+1}{4} \notin \mathbb{Z} \quad \underline{\text{not onto}}$$



Law Exponents

$$b^u * b^v = b^{u+v}$$

$$(b^u)^v = b^{vu}$$

$$\frac{b^u}{b^v} = (b)^{u-v}$$

$$(bc)^u = b^u c^u$$

~ One-to-One Correspondence (bijection)

$F: X \rightarrow Y$ that is both One-to-One and onto.

Log:

$$\log(xy) = \log x + \log y$$

$$\log\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) = \log x - \log y$$

$$\log_b x^a = a \log_b x$$

$$\log_c x = \frac{\log_b x}{\log_b c}$$

Ex.

let $A = \{a, b\}$

$S = \{00, 01, 10, 11\}$

Define function $P(A) \rightarrow S$
Domain \rightarrow Codomain

$P(A) = \{\emptyset, \{a\}, \{b\}, \{a, b\}\}$

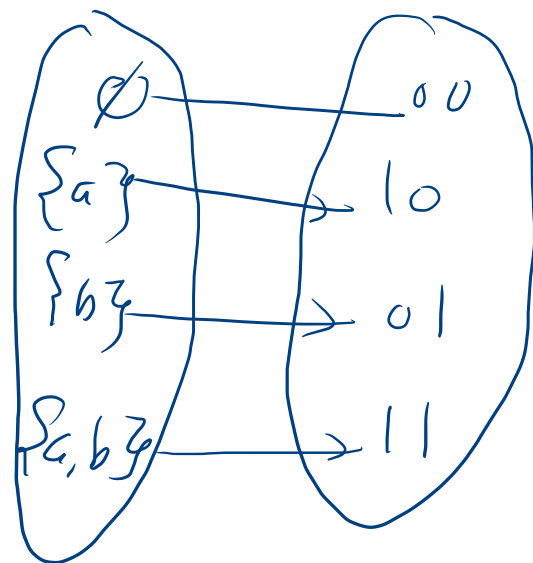
a is in A or not in A

b is in A or not in A

String

as following

	status of a	Status of b	
\emptyset	not in	not in	00
$\{a\}$	in	not in	10
$\{b\}$	not in	in	01
$\{a, b\}$	in	in	11



Is this function one-one? ✓

Is this onto? ✓

bijective, 1-1 correspondance

Ex. Define $F: \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$, $(x, y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$

$$F(x, y) = (x + y, x - y) \quad \text{Is this function one-to-one}$$

Correspondance? (bijective)

\Rightarrow (one-to-one, onto) // prove or disprove

$$F(x) = G(x) \quad \text{if} \quad F(x_1) = F(x_2) \Rightarrow x_1 = x_2$$

if $F(x_1, y_1) = F(x_2, y_2)$, then $x_1 = x_2$, and $y_1 = y_2$

$$\Leftrightarrow F(x_1, y_1) = (x_1 + y_1, x_1 - y_1), \quad F(x_2, y_2) = (x_2 + y_2, x_2 - y_2)$$

$$\therefore \underbrace{(x_1 + y_1)}_{\text{green}} = \underbrace{(x_2 + y_2)}_{\text{green}}, \quad \underbrace{(x_1 - y_1)}_{\text{green}} = \underbrace{(x_2 - y_2)}_{\text{green}}$$

$$\therefore \begin{array}{l} x_1 + y_1 = x_2 + y_2 \\ x_1 - y_1 = x_2 - y_2 \end{array}$$

$$\hline 2x_1 = 2x_2 \Rightarrow \boxed{x_1 = x_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{x_1 = x_2}$$

$$\cancel{x_1 + y_1} = \cancel{x_1} + y_2$$

$$\boxed{y_1 = y_2}$$

\therefore one-to-one

Onto: $f(x) = y$.

$$F(x, y) = (x+y, x-y)$$

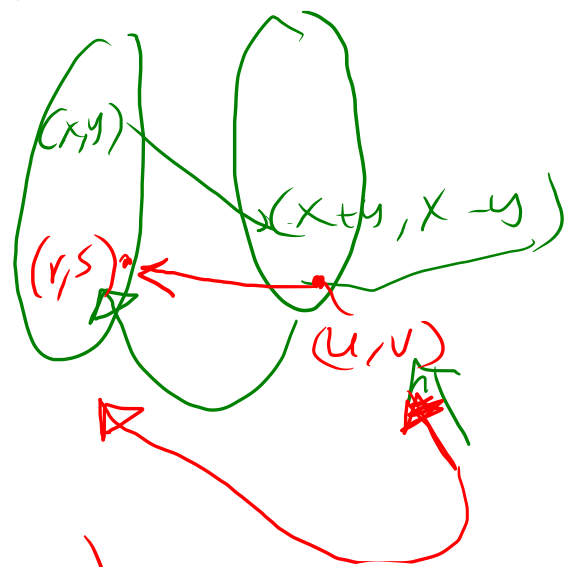
$$F(r, s) = (u, v)$$

$$F(r, s) = (r+s, r-s)$$

$$u = r+s, \quad v = r-s$$

(Addition) $(5, -1) \leftarrow (u, v)$

$\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$



$$\begin{array}{l} u = r+s \\ v = r-s \end{array} +$$

$$u+v = 2r \quad \Rightarrow \quad r = \frac{u+v}{2}$$

$$v = \frac{u+v}{2} - s \quad \Rightarrow \quad s = \frac{u+v}{2} - v$$

$$\frac{u+v-2v}{2} = \frac{u-v}{2}$$

$$\therefore F\left(\frac{u+v}{2}, \frac{u-v}{2}\right) = (u, v)$$

Why $\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}$?
Onto (\checkmark)

Inverse Theorem: $F: X \rightarrow Y$ is one-to-one
Correspondance \Rightarrow that is (1-1 & onto)

then there is a function
 $F^{-1}: Y \rightarrow X$ is defined as follows

Given the element y in Y .

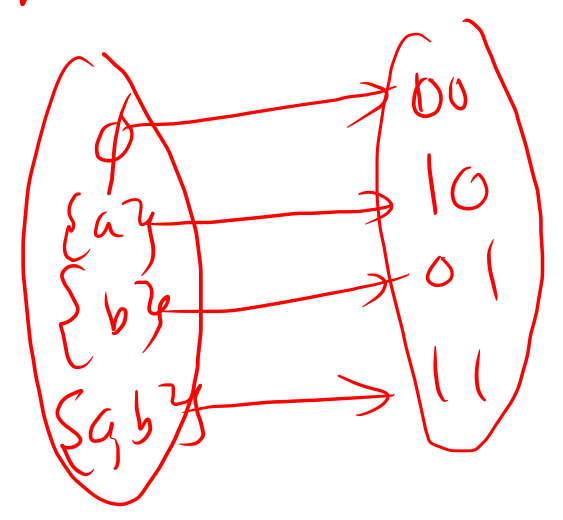
$F^{-1}(y) =$ the unique element x in X such that

$F(x)$ equals y .

$$F^{-1}(y) = x \iff y = F(x)$$

Ex.

h



One-One, onto

- $h^{-1}(00) = \emptyset$
- $h^{-1}(10) = \{a\}$
- $h^{-1}(01) = \{b\}$
- $h^{-1}(11) = \{a, b\}$

$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \quad f(x) = 4x - 1$

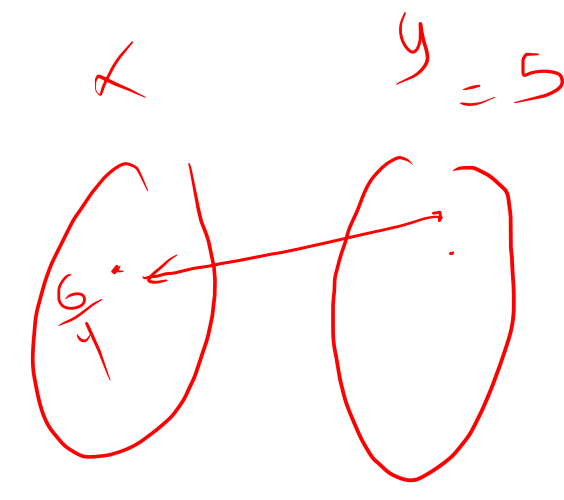
f^{-1}
 $f?$

$f(x) = y \Rightarrow 4x - 1 = y$

$x = \frac{y + 1}{4}$

$f^{-1}(y) = x$ fun Def

$f^{-1}(y) = \frac{y + 1}{4}$



Ex:

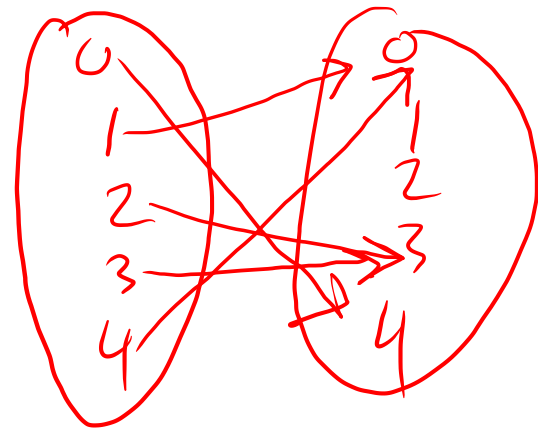
```
int main() {  
    int n=5;  
    int A[n] = {0,1,2,3,4};  
    int B[n];  
    fun(A, B, n);  
    return 0; }  
void fun(int A[], int B[], int n) {  
    int i=0;  
    for(i=0; i<n; i++)  
        B[i] = (A[i] * A[i] + 4) % 5;  
}
```

Is this function Bijective?

$$D \rightarrow D$$

$$D = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$f(x) = (x^2 + 4) \% 5$$



Not one-to-one

NOT one

Ex 1

double fact (double x) {

if (x != 1)

return (x+1)/(x-1); }

$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$$f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x-1} \quad x \neq 1$$

One-to-One? ✓

Onto? ✗