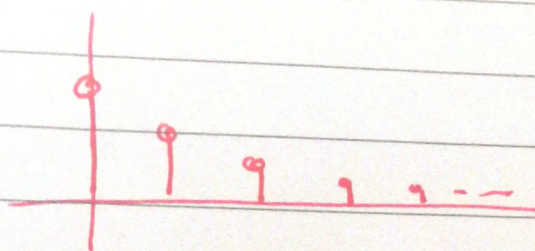


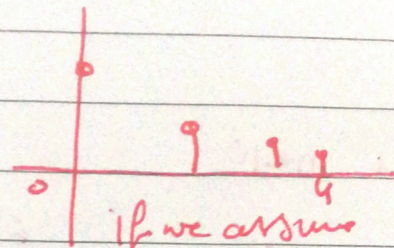
$$h[n] = a^n u[n], \quad x[n] = B^n (u[n] - u[n-5])$$

$h[n]$



if we assume  $|a| < 1$

$[0, \infty)$

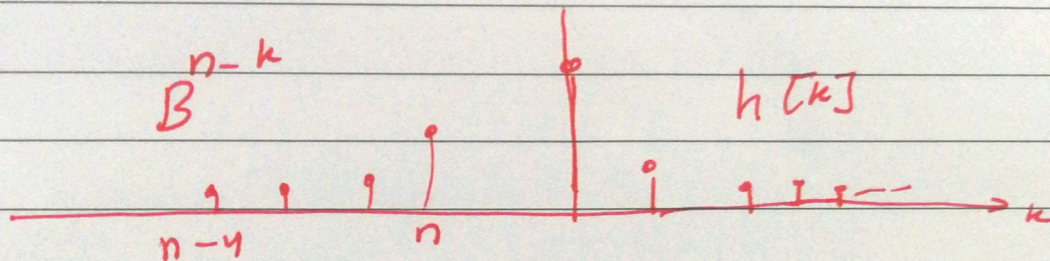


if we assume

$|B| < 1$

$[0, 4]$

$[0, 4, \infty)$



when  $n < 0$

$$y[n] = 0$$

when  $0 \leq n \leq 4$

$$y[n] = \sum_{k=0}^n B^{n-k} a^k = B^n \sum_{k=0}^n (\bar{B}^1 a)^k$$

$$= B^n \cdot \frac{1 - (\bar{B}^1 a)^{n+1}}{1 - (\bar{B}^1 a)}$$

when  $4 < n < \infty$

$$y[n] = B^n \sum_{k=n-4}^n B^{-k} a^k = B^n$$

$$\frac{(\bar{B}^1 a)^{n-4} - (\bar{B}^1 a)^{n+1}}{1 - (\bar{B}^1 a)}$$

when  $n=0$

$$y[0] = B^{(0)} \cdot \frac{1 - (\bar{B}^1 a)^1}{1 - (\bar{B}^1 a)} = 1$$

$$n=2$$

$$y[2] = (\beta)^2 \cdot \frac{1 - (\beta^1 a)^3}{1 - (\beta^1 a)} ; \text{ assume } a = 0.6$$
$$\beta = 0.8$$

when  $n=10$

$$y[10] = \beta^{(10)} \cdot \frac{(\beta^1 a)^6 - (\beta^1 a)^{11}}{1 - (\beta^1 a)} ; \text{ assume } a = 0.6$$
$$\beta = 0.8$$