CH8 Homework Problems

8.8 Suppose the capacitor in the circuit shown in Fig. 8.1 has a value of $0.1 \mu F$ and an initial voltage of 24 V. The initial current in the inductor is zero. The resulting voltage response for $t \ge 0$ is

$$v(t) = -8e^{-250t} + 32e^{-1000t} V.$$

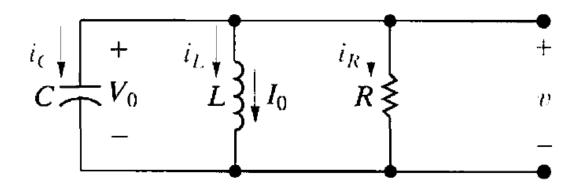
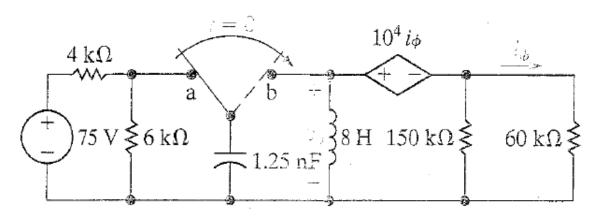


Figure 8.1 ▲ A circuit used to illustrate the natural response of a parallel *RLC* circuit.

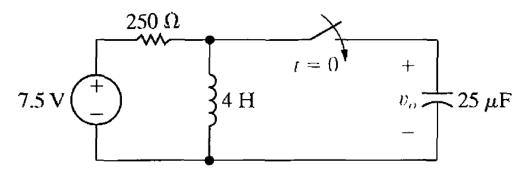
8.21 The switch in the circuit of Fig. P8.21 has been it position a for a long time. At t = 0 the switch moves instantaneously to position b. Find $v_o(t)$ for $t \ge 0$.

Figure P8.21



8.36 The switch in the circuit in Fig. P8.36 has been open a long time before closing at t = 0. At the time the switch closes, the capacitor has no stored energy. Find v_o for $t \ge 0$.

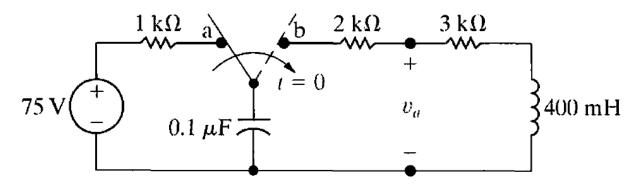
Figure P8.36



8.46 The switch in the circuit in Fig. P8.46 on the next page has been in position a for a long time. At t = 0, the switch moves instantaneously to position b.

- a) What is the initial value of v_a ?
- b) What is the initial value of dv_a/dt ?
- c) What is the numerical expression for $v_a(t)$ for $t \ge 0$?

Figure P8.46



8.48 The switch in the circuit shown in Fig. P8.48 has been closed for a long time. The switch opens at t = 0. Find $v_o(t)$ for $t \ge 0$.

Figure P8.48

