

Q1:

\* fixed or not  $\Rightarrow$  delay time  $y_1(t-t_0) = \sqrt{(x(t-t_0^2))} \rightarrow (1)$

delay function  $y_2(t-t_0) = \sqrt{(x(t^2-t_0))} \rightarrow (2)$

$y_1 \neq y_2$  in the system time variant

\* causal / non-causal ; when  $t=2 \Rightarrow y(2) = \sqrt{x(4)}$

in the system non-causal

\* Dynamic / instantaneous : when  $t=0 \Rightarrow y(0) = \sqrt{x(0)}$

$t=1 \Rightarrow y(1) = \sqrt{x(1)}$

in the system dynamic

\* Linear / non-linear  $\Rightarrow$  1)  $\alpha_1 y_1(t) = \alpha_1 \sqrt{(x_1(t^2))}$

2)  $\alpha_2 y_2(t) = \alpha_2 \sqrt{(x_2(t^2))}$

3)  $\alpha_1 y_1(t) + \alpha_2 y_2(t) = \alpha_1 \sqrt{x_1(t^2)} + \alpha_2 \sqrt{x_2(t^2)} \rightarrow (1)$

4) assume  $\alpha_3 y_3 = \alpha_1 y_1 + \alpha_2 y_2$

$\alpha_3 x_3 = \alpha_1 x_1 + \alpha_2 x_2$

$\alpha_3 y_3(t) = \alpha_3 \sqrt{(x_3(t^2))}$

5)  $\alpha_1 y_1 + \alpha_2 y_2 = \alpha_3 \sqrt{x_3(t^2)} \rightarrow (2)$

Eq 1  $\neq$  Eq 2  $\therefore$  so the system ~~is~~ non-linear



Q2  $x(t) = \delta(t-2) + 3r(t-3) - u(t+1)$

$$s \frac{dy(t)}{dt} + y(t) = x(t)$$

$$h(t) = g(t) * a(t)$$

$$\frac{dh(t)}{dt} = g(t) \delta(t) + u(t) \dot{g}(t)$$

$$g(t) = A e^{\lambda t} \quad \text{with } \lambda = -s$$

$$A = g(0) = \frac{1}{\lambda} = \frac{1}{-s}$$

so the pulse response is  $\frac{1}{s} e^{-\frac{t}{s}}$

$$y_s = \int_0^t \frac{1}{s} e^{-\frac{t}{s}} = -e^{-\frac{t}{s}} \Big|_0^t$$

$$= -e^{-\frac{t}{s}} + 1$$

$$y_r(t) = \int_0^t y_s(t) = \int_0^t (-e^{-\frac{t}{s}} + 1) = s e^{-\frac{t}{s}} + t - s$$

~~$$y(t) = \left[ 3 \left( s e^{-\frac{(t-3)}{s}} + (t-3) - s \right) + \left( -e^{-\frac{(t+1)}{s}} + 1 \right) * \frac{1}{s} e^{-\frac{(t-2)}{s}} \right) * \delta$$~~

$$y(t) = \left[ 3 \left( s e^{-\frac{(t-3)}{s}} + (t-3) - s \right) + \left( -e^{-\frac{(t+1)}{s}} + 1 \right) * \frac{1}{s} e^{-\frac{(t-2)}{s}} \right) * \delta$$