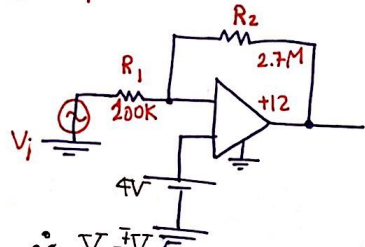


# Electronics 236 → L21, Part 1 Opamp Active filters

**Example** : assume  $V_i$  is sine wave  
 1. find & Sketch  $V_o(t)$   
 2. find & Sketch  $V_o \neq f(V_i)$

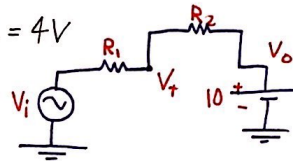


$$\begin{aligned} \therefore V_o &= +V_{sat} \\ \therefore +V_{sat} &= 12 - 2 = 10 \text{ V} \\ -V_{sat} &= 0 + 2 = 2 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

**Solution**: this is the Schematic  
 Triggar "positive feedback"

1) let  $V_o = +V_{sat} = 10$

$V_+ > V_-$ ; but  $V_- = 4 \text{ V}$   
 Find  $V_+$  ?



**Eq. circuit** : two-sources → Use superpos.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Kill } V_i \Rightarrow V_+ &= \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot 10 = \frac{0.1}{2.8} \cdot 10 + \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot V_i > V_- = 4 \\ V_i &> \left(4 - \frac{1}{2.8}\right) \cdot \frac{2.8}{2.7} = 3.777 \end{aligned}$$

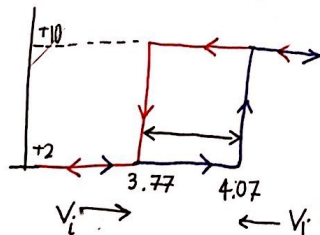
but when  $V_i < 3.77 \rightarrow V_o$  From  $+V_{sat}$  to  $-V_{sat}$

2) let  $V_o = -V_{sat} = 2$

$$V_+ < V_- \Rightarrow V_+ = \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot 2 + \frac{2.7}{2.8} V_i < 4$$

$$V_i < \left(4 - \frac{0.2}{2.8}\right) \times \frac{2.8}{2.7} = 4.07 \text{ V}$$

When  $V_i < 4.07$ ,  $V_o = -V_{sat}$  & switches from  $+V_{sat}$  to  $-V_{sat}$  if  $V_i > 4.07 \text{ V}$



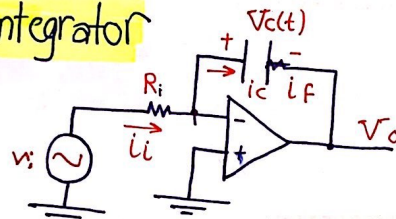
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Hysteresis} &= 4.07 - 3.777 \\ &= 0.3 \text{ V} \end{aligned}$$

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# Other OP-Amp Applications

- Active filters (To remove loading effect & provide Gain)
- Integrator
- Differentiator

## Integrator



$$I_i = I_c = I_f = \frac{V_i}{R_i}$$

$$I_c = C \frac{dV_c}{dt}$$

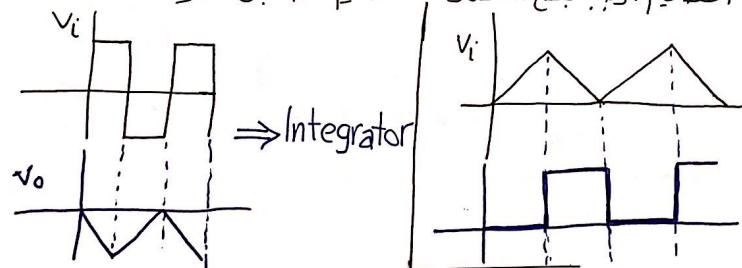
$$\therefore V_c(t) = \frac{1}{C} \int_0^T V_i(t) dt$$

also  $V_{oT} = -V_c(t)$

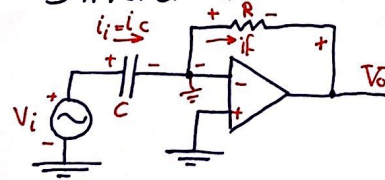
$$V_o = -\frac{1}{C} \int_0^T \frac{V_i(t)}{R_i} dt = -\frac{1}{RC} \int V_i(t) dt$$

"output is  $\int$  of Input"

يعني لما احط قيم موجبة بطرح متساوية واما احط قيم سالبة بطرح متزايد



## Differentiator



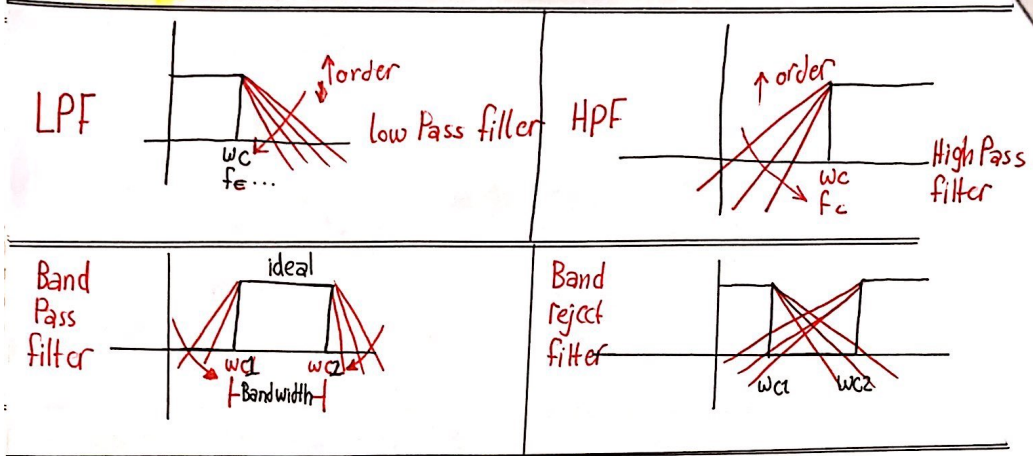
$$I_c = I_i = I_f$$

$$I_c = C \frac{dV_c}{dt}$$

$$V_o = -I_f R$$

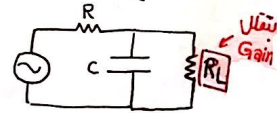
$$V_o = -RC \frac{dV_c}{dt} \Rightarrow V_o = -RC \frac{dV_i}{dt}$$

# Filters



Passive: R, L, C

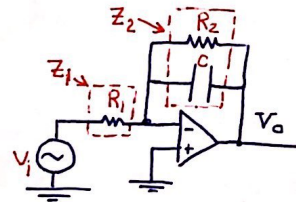
- Gain  $\leq 1$



$$\omega_c = \frac{1}{RC} \rightarrow \text{As } \omega_c \rightarrow \text{changes} \rightarrow \omega_c = \frac{1}{R_{eq} \cdot C}$$

**Filters** → Active: R, C, Op-amps  
 - Gain  $\geq 1$

## Active low pass filter



$$V_o = -\frac{Z_2}{Z_1} \cdot V_i$$

$$A_v = \frac{V_o}{V_i} = -\frac{Z_2(j\omega)}{Z_1(j\omega)}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{j\omega C}$$

$$Z_1(j\omega) = R_1$$

$$Z_2(j\omega) = R_2 \parallel \frac{1}{j\omega C}$$

$$A_v = \frac{-R_2 \cdot \frac{1}{j\omega C}}{R_2 + \frac{1}{j\omega C}} = \frac{-R_2}{R_1} \left[ \frac{1}{(1 + j\omega C R_2)} \right] \dots (1)$$

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Define  $\omega_c = 2\pi f_c = \frac{1}{R_2 C}$  ← Cut-off freq.  
 $k = \frac{R_2}{R_1}$  (dc gain)

Sub in [1]  $A_c = \frac{-K}{1 + \frac{j\omega}{\omega_c}}$  → frequency response  
 - magnitude  $||$   
 - phase  $<$

Complex  
 ↙ mag  $||$   
 ↘ phase  $<$

Magnitude plot ← Bode plot

X-axis  $\log f, \log \omega$  ← in decade "when move from 10 to 100 Hz here as 1→2"

Y-axis  $20 \log ||$  ← in decibels dB

$$|A(j\omega)| = \frac{K}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_c}\right)^2}}$$

$20 \log |A(j\omega)|$  ← Evaluation for different  $\omega$ 's

if  $k=1$   $|| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\omega}{\omega_c}\right)^2}}$  ← عند cutoff  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

$20 \log 0.707 = -3 \text{ dB}$

$k=10$   $20 \log \frac{10}{\sqrt{2}} = 20 \log 10 - 20 \log \sqrt{2}$   
 $20 - 3 \text{ dB} = 16.98$

("maximum - 3 dB بعين")

if  $\omega = 0.1 \omega_c$

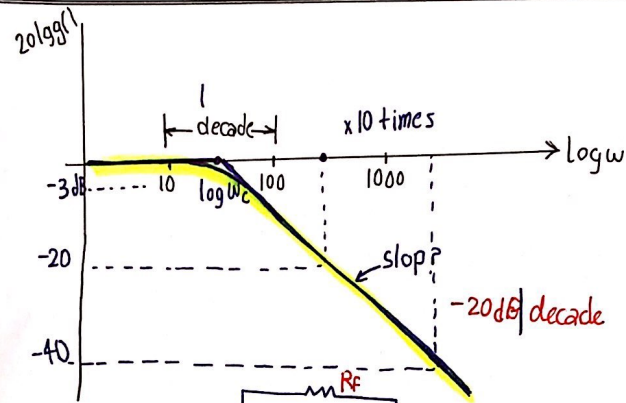
$20 \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{0.1 \omega_c}{\omega_c}\right)^2}} = 20 \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{1.01}} \approx 0 \text{ dB}$

if  $\omega = 10 \omega_c$   
 $20 \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + (10)^2}}$   
 $= 20 \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{101}}$   
 $\approx -20 \text{ dB}$

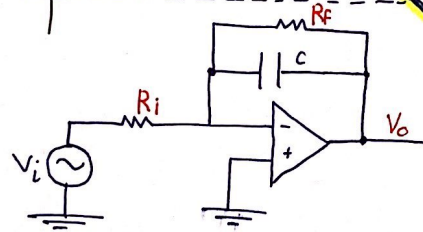
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بالحظ انو كل ما ضربنا ال  $10 \times \omega$   
 $20 \log ||$  نقص المقدار 20 مقبيل

# Filter



magnitude freq. Response



Filter Type?

$\omega = 0 \rightarrow C \rightarrow \text{open}$

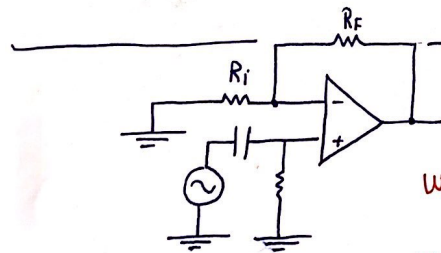
$$V_o = -\frac{R_f}{R_i} \cdot V_i \neq 0$$

$\omega = \omega_c$

$\omega = \infty \rightarrow C \rightarrow \text{Short}$   
 $V_o = 0$



Qualitative Analysis



$$V_o = \left(1 + \frac{R_f}{R_i}\right)$$

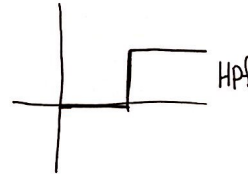
$\omega = 0 \Rightarrow C \rightarrow \text{open}$

$V_o = 0$

$\omega = \omega_c$

$\omega = \infty \Rightarrow C \rightarrow \text{Short}$

$V_o \neq 0$



$R_2 \rightarrow$  effect gain

$R_1$  &  $C \rightarrow$  cut off freq.