

Modeling in Frequency Domain Transfer Function

$$\textcircled{1} F(s) = \frac{2}{(s+1)(s+2)} = \frac{k_1}{s+1} + \frac{k_2}{s+2}$$

$$= \frac{2}{s+1} + \frac{-2}{s+2}$$
$$f(t) = (2e^{-t} - e^{-2t}) u(t)$$

$$\textcircled{2} F(s) = \frac{2}{(s+1)(s+2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{k_1}{s+1} + \frac{k_2}{(s+2)^2} + \frac{k_3}{s+2}$$

$$\left[\frac{2}{(s+1)(s+2)^2} = \frac{k_1}{s+1} + \frac{k_2}{(s+2)^2} + \frac{k_3}{s+2} \right] \times (s+2)^2$$

$$\frac{2}{s+1} = \frac{2(s+2)^2}{s+1} + k_2 + k_3(s+2)$$

$$\text{at } s = -2 \Rightarrow k_2 = -2$$

$$\text{at } s = 0$$

$$\text{at } s = 0$$

$$2 = \frac{2 \times 4}{1} + -2 + k_3 \cdot 2 \Rightarrow k_3 = -2$$

$$F(s) = \frac{2}{s+1} - \frac{2}{(s+2)^2} - \frac{2}{s+2}$$

$$f(t) = [2e^{-t} - 2e^{-2t} - 2e^{-2t}] u(t)$$

$$(8) F(s) = \frac{3}{s(s^2 + 2s + 5)}$$

$$s=0$$

$$s_{1,2} = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{4ab}}{2a} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{4-20}}{2}$$

$$= -1 \pm \sqrt{-9}$$

$$= -1 \pm j^2$$

$$= \frac{k_1}{s} + \frac{k_2 s + k_3}{s^2 + 2s + 5}$$

$$\left[\frac{3}{s(s^2 + 2s + 5)} = \frac{3/6}{s} + \frac{k_2 s + k_3}{s^2 + 2s + 5} \right] \times (s^2 + 2s + 5)$$

$$3 = \frac{3}{5}(s^2 + 2s + 5) + k_2 s^2 + k_3 s$$

$$3 = \left(\frac{3}{5} + k_2\right)s^2 + \left(\frac{6}{5} + k_3\right)s + 3$$

$$k_2 = -\frac{3}{5}, \quad k_3 = \frac{6}{5}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{3/6}{s} + \frac{-3/6 s - 6/6}{s^2 + 2s + 5}$$

$$= \frac{3/6 - 3/6}{s} \cdot \frac{(s+2)}{s^2 + 2s + 5 + 1 - 1}$$

$$= \frac{3/6}{s} - \frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{(s+2)}{(s+1)^2 + 4}$$

$$= \frac{3/6}{s} - \frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{(s+1)+1}{(s+1)^2 + 2^2}$$

$$= \frac{3/6}{s} - \frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{(s+1)+1}{(s+1)^2 + 2^2}$$

$$= \frac{3/6}{s} - \frac{3}{5} \cdot \frac{(s+1)}{(s+1)^2 + 2^2} + \frac{1}{(s+1)^2 + 2^2} \quad \times \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= \left(\frac{3/6}{s} - \frac{3/6}{5} \left[e^{-t} \cos 2t + \frac{1}{2} e^{-t} \sin 2t \right] \right) u(t)$$

$$= \frac{3/6}{s} - \frac{3}{5} e^{-t} \left[\cos 2t + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2t \right]$$

$$\cos 2t + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2t$$

$$\cos 2t + \frac{1}{2} \cos(2t - 90^\circ)$$

$$1 \angle 0 + \frac{1}{2} \angle -90$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{2}j = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} \angle -26^\circ$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3/6}{s} - \frac{3}{5} e^{-t} \left[\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3} \cos(2t - 26^\circ) \right]$$