Birzeit University Electrical and Computer Engineering Department Power Electronics 3305 Ouiz # 2

Student Name: Question #1 In the circuit shown below, the $V_1=8\sin 100\pi t V$ and $V_2=8\sin (100\pi t-180)V$, and the diodes are non ideal with a voltage drop of 1V then: a) Using the waveforms shown, draw the output voltage b) Calculate the average output voltage I diode anducting $V = 85i \wedge d \implies d = 5i \sqrt{\frac{1}{8}}$ $V = 85i \wedge d \implies d = 7.2$ V = 7.2 = 0.04 T V = 0.96 T of 172.8 V = 0.96 T of 172.8= 1 S (VINSINNT-1) dWIe) Plot the voltage across D₁ = + [- Vm Cas W+] - 0.96TT + 0.04TT Vdf = 1,-1/2 +T = - 8 [Coso 96T - Coso 04T] - 0.92T) $= \frac{8}{\pi} \left[-0.992 - 0.992 \right] - \left(2.89 \right) = \frac{-8}{\pi} \left(-1.984 \right) - 2.89$ => Vdc = +5.052 - 2.89 = 2.162V $Vdc = 2.162V < \frac{2Vm}{T}$ Vdc = 2.162 < 5.093V

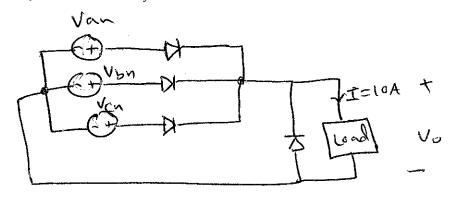
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ID

Question #1

a) Draw the circuit arrangement of a three phase half- wave rectifier supplying a highly Inductive load by 10A.



b) Assuming ideal diodes, plot the output voltage and calculate its average if $V_{\rm an} = 3.14 sin 100 \pi t V$.

$$Vdc = \frac{3}{2\pi \pi} \int_{0}^{314} \sin 100\pi t \, d\omega t$$

$$= \frac{9Vm}{\pi} \sin \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{3(314)}{\pi} \sin \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{3(314)}{\pi} (\frac{13}{2}) - 259.67V$$

c) Assuming that a freewheeling diode is connected across the load, plot the input current from Phase a "ia"

