Birzeit University Mechanical & Mechatronics Engineering Department Heat Transfer ENME 431 Homework 11 Heat exchangers

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11.9 A finned-tube, cross-flow heat exchanger is to use the exhaust of a gas turbine to heat pressurized water. Laboratory measurements are performed on a prototype version of the exchanger, which has a surface area of $10m^2$, to determine the overall heat transfer coefficient as

a function of operating conditions. Measurements made under particular conditions, for which m_h

= 2 kg/s, T_{hi} = 325°C, m_c = 0.5 kg/s, and T_{ci} = 25°C, reveal a water outlet temperature of T_{co} = 150°C. What is the overall heat transfer coefficient of the exchanger?

11.14 A shell-and-tube exchanger (two shells, four tube passes) is used to heat 10,000 kg/h of pressurized water from 35 to 120°C with 5000 kg/h pressurized water entering the exchanger at 300° C. If the overall heat transfer coefficient is 1500 W/m². K, determine the required heat exchanger area.

11.23 A concentric tube heat exchanger for cooling lubricating oil is comprised of a thin-walled inner tube of 25-mm diameter carrying water and an outer tube of 45-mm diameter carrying the oil. The exchanger operates in counter flow with an overall heat transfer coefficient of 60 W/m^2 .K and the tabulated average properties.



(a) If the outlet temperature of the oil is 60°C, determine the total heat transfer and the outlet temperature of the water.

(b) Determine the length required for the heat exchanger.