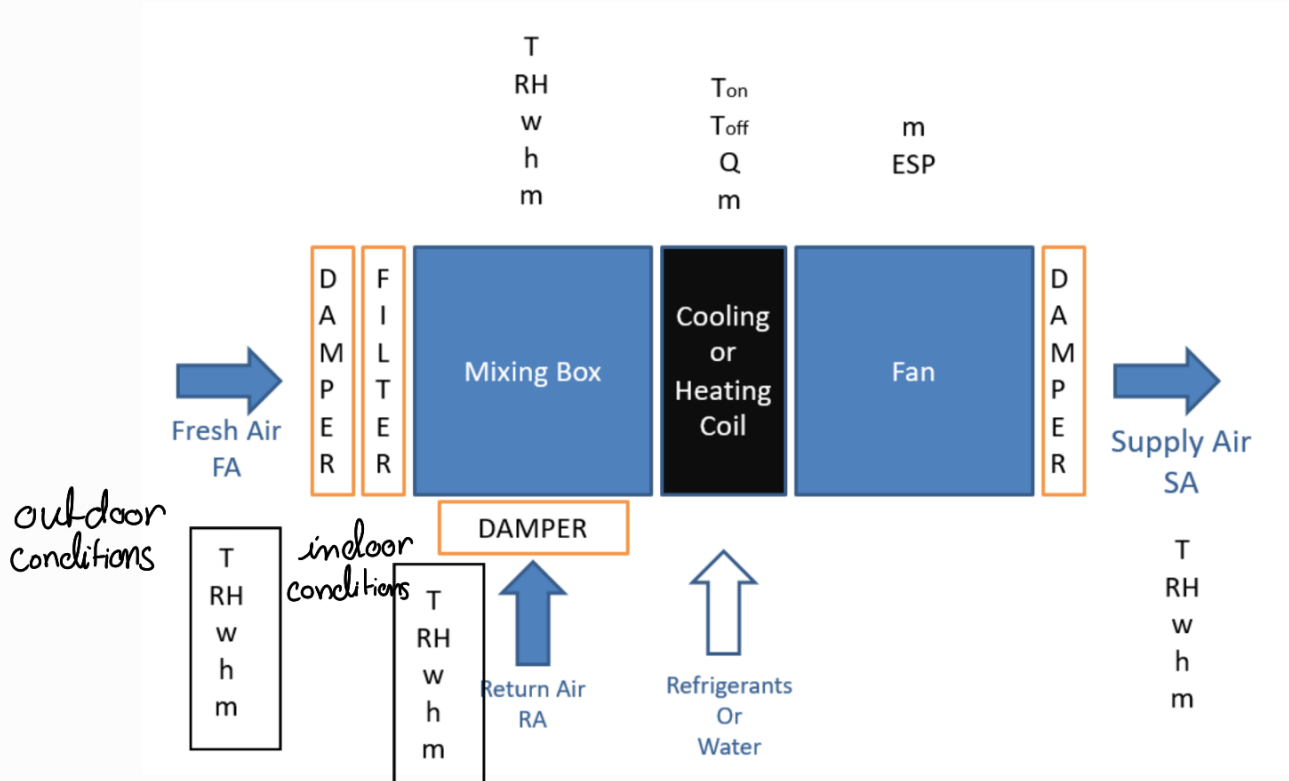


Air Handling Unit

AHU with No heat Recovery (Basic)

AHU with heat Recovery (Double deck AHU)

• AHU with no heat Recovery



1. Damper: Controls air Quantity

2. Mixing Box: Return air is mixed with Fresh air
 They are out with T_{mixing} at $m = m_{FA} + m_{RA}$
 Now we can calculate h, w (mixing law)
 and obtain T_{mixing} (T_{db}) & RH

3. Cooling or heating coil

- The total enters with T_{en} which is same as T_{mixing}
 \dot{m} is still \dot{m}_{total}

$$Q \text{ of the coil} = Q_{Room} + Q_{ventilation}$$

T_{off} can be calculated using $Q = \dot{m} c_p \Delta T$ $\rightarrow = T_{en} - T_{off}$

\uparrow
1.23

4. Fan

\dot{m}_{tot} is the Fan flow rate

$$ESP = \text{Dynamic losses} + \text{Static losses}$$

fittings \rightarrow

Ducts \rightarrow

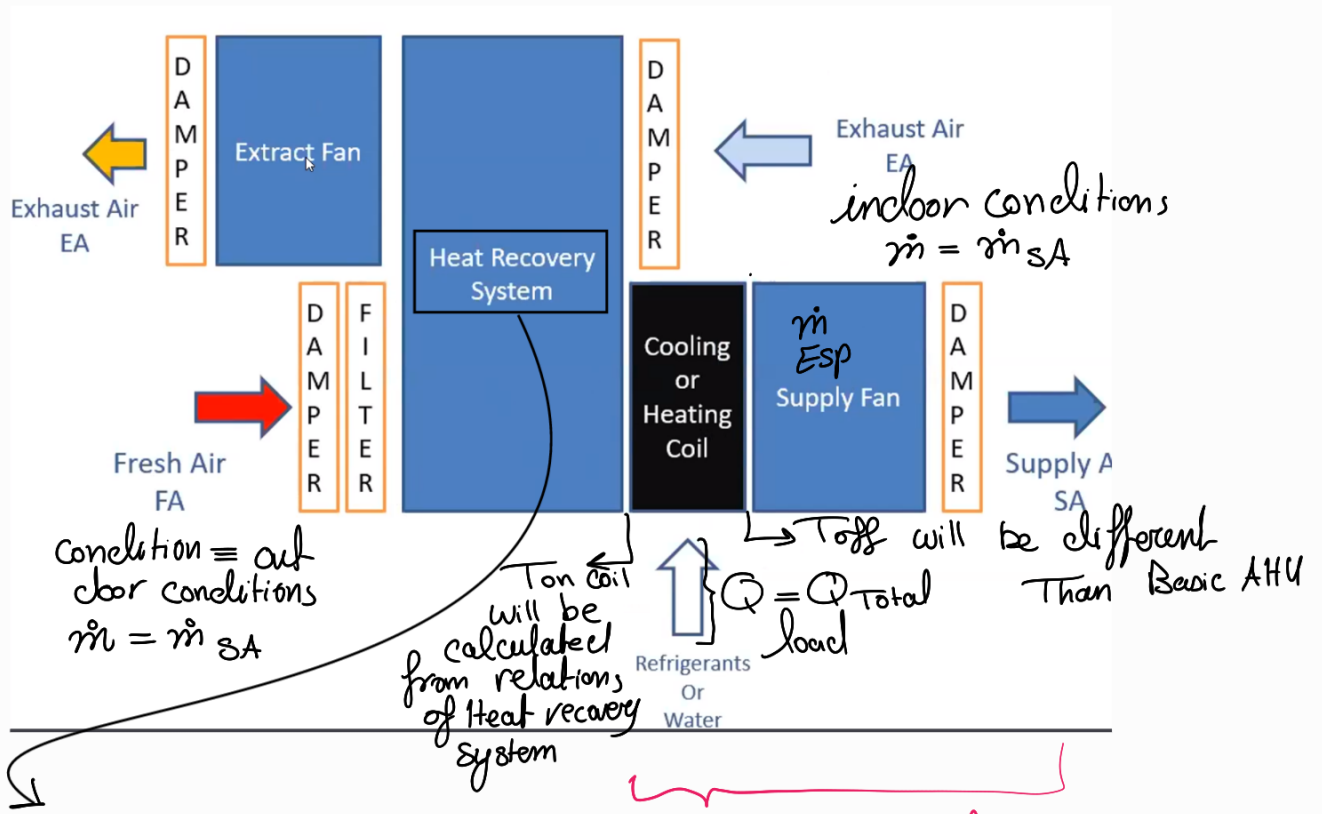
Supply air is provided by the Fan and it's conditions are:

- $T_{off} = T_{supply}$

- \dot{m}_{total}

To find other properties, w is assumed to be constant \rightarrow T_{en} is فقط T_{off} is (sensible cooling) T_{off} is

• AHU with heat Recovery (Total fresh air)



Same procedure as Basic

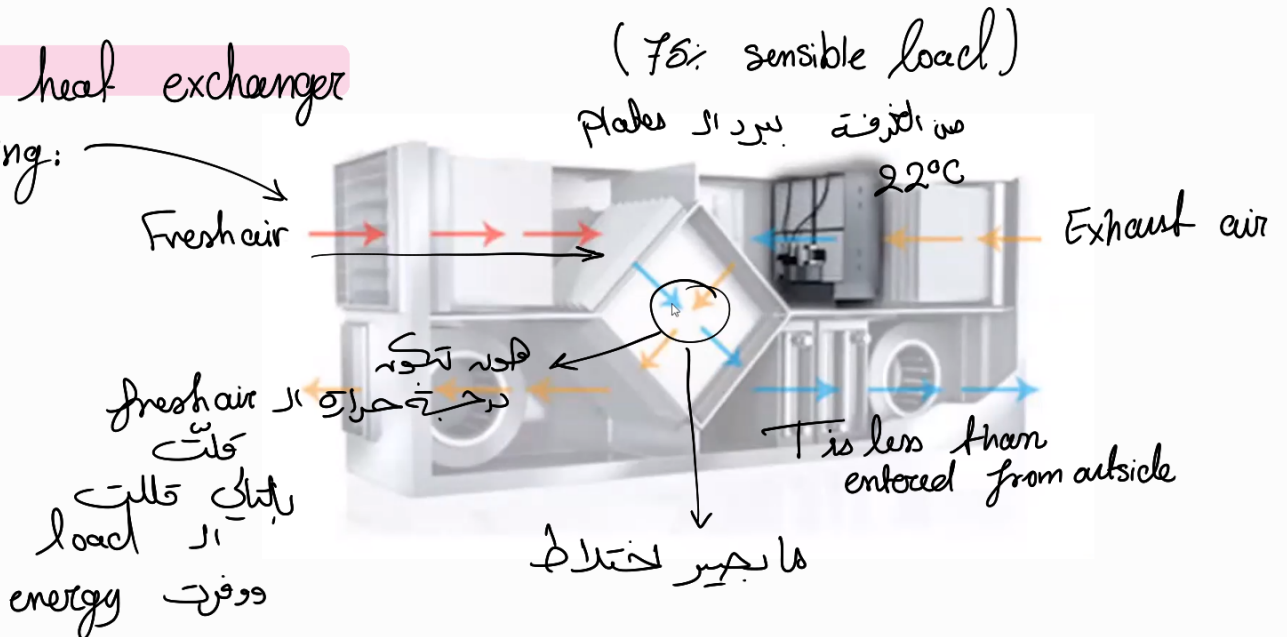
These can be:

1. Plate heat Exchanger
2. Energy wheel
3. Run around coil

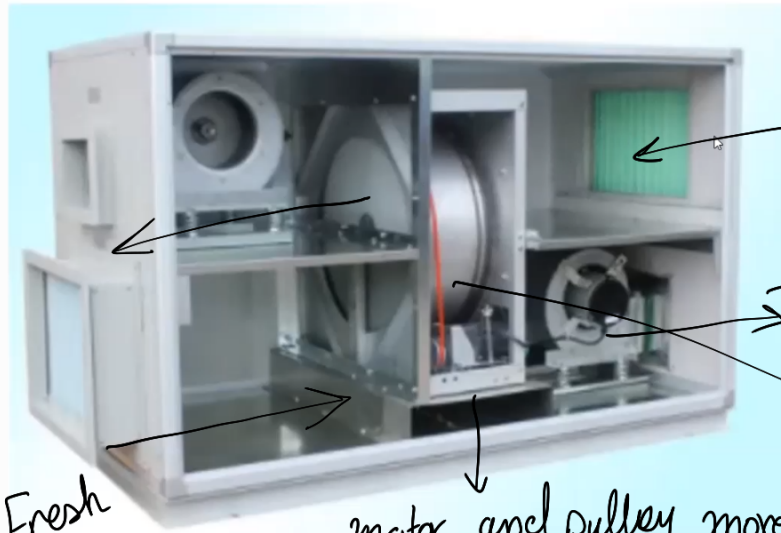
Now, Explaining each:

1. Plate heat exchanger

In Cooling:



2. Energy wheel



Exhaust to out
 Properties of outside ← Fresh air
 From room (Exhaust air)
 To AHU with less T (for cooling)
 heat exchanging
 motor and pulley moves a Disk which causes mixing

• To find Q recovery and new fresh air temperature

1. $Q_{\text{recovery}} = 0.75 \times Q_{\text{sensible}}$ Capacity of wheel

Note that:

$$Q_{\text{sen}} = \text{SHR} \times Q_{\text{Total}}$$

2. New T or T_1 efficiency

Recovery $\% = \frac{Q_{\text{recovery}}}{Q_{\text{Total}}}$

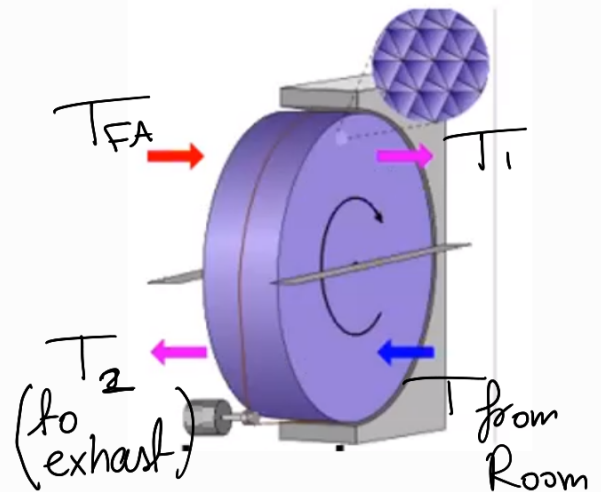
$$0.75 \times Q_{\text{sensible}} = (\dot{m}_{\text{fresh}}) (C_{\text{air}}) (T_{\text{out}} - T_1)$$

Q recovery من الخارج إلى حالي

Also

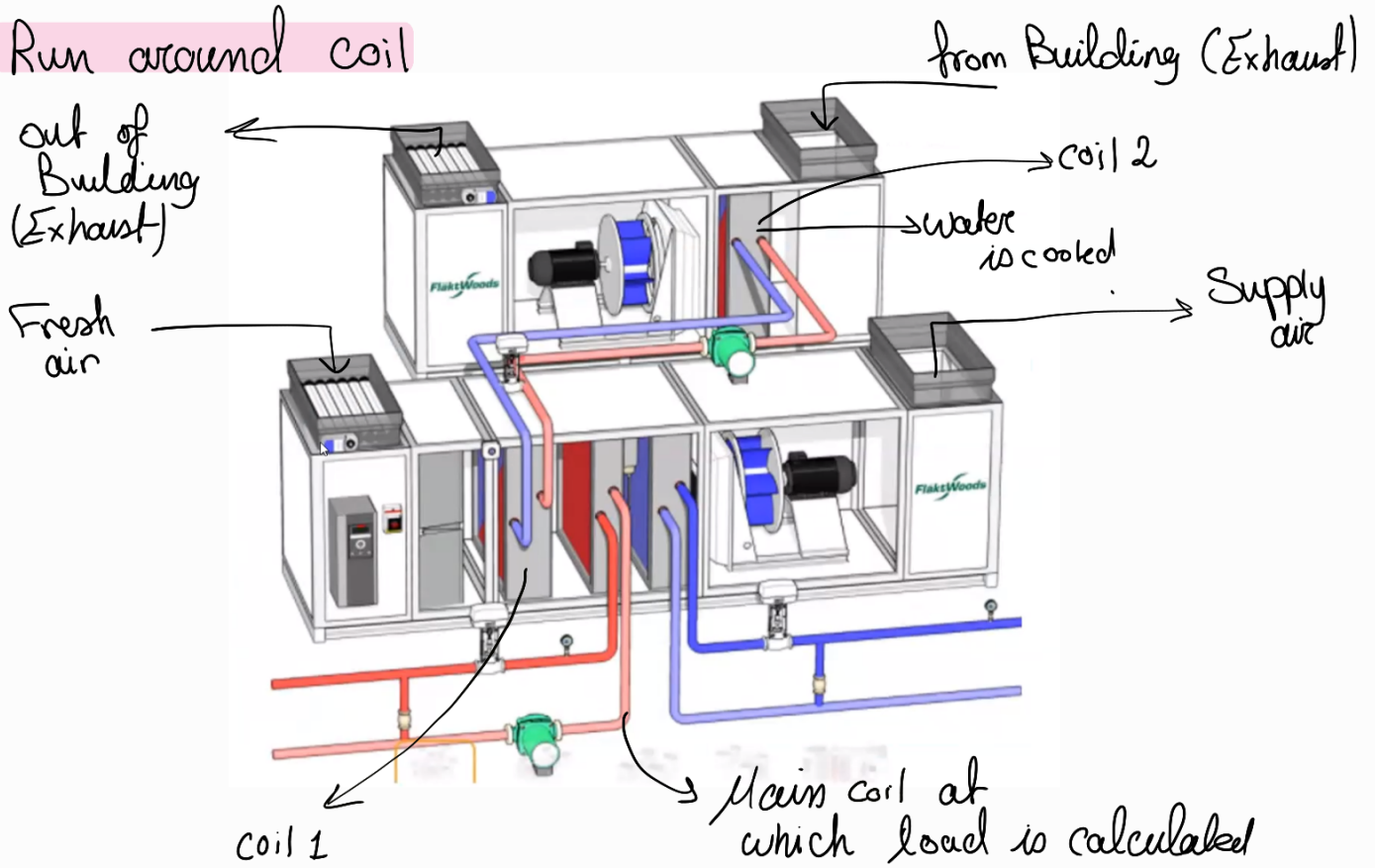
$$0.75 \times Q_{\text{sensible}} = (\dot{m}_{\text{fresh}}) (C_{\text{air}}) (T_{\text{Room}} - T_2)$$

من الخارج إلى حالي من الحارة إلى Recovery



Note: $\text{COP} = \frac{\text{heat recovered}}{\text{Electrical saved}}$ → from using heat recovery system

3. Run around coil



Medium used is water and a pump is used
Coil 1 is identical to coil 2

• To find temperatures

$$\dot{m}_{\text{water}} C_{p\text{water}} \Delta T_{\text{water}} = \dot{m}_{\text{air}} C_{p\text{air}} \Delta T_{\text{air}}$$

This is applied for coil 1 & 2

