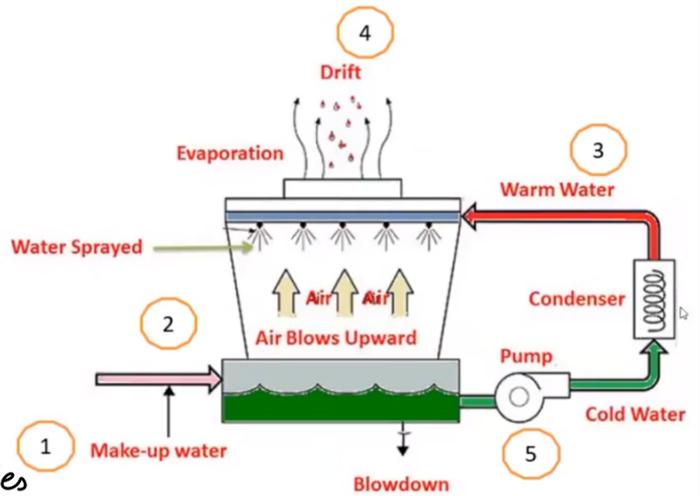


Cooling Towers

A cooling tower is a heat-exchanger between two streams: cold air and hot water or refrigerant.

How it works

- Cold water is pumped from the tank.
- It passes through a heat-exchanger, picks up heat and becomes warm.
- Warm water passes through nozzles which sprays water
- It is then subjected to air which evaporates a part of it and causes it to cool down
- This remaining water is drained back to the tank



Fill: A medium used in cooling towers to increase the surface area available for water and consequently increase heat transfer

Types of cooling towers

By draft type:

Natural draft → No fan

Mechanical draft → Fans are used

– Forced draft: Centrifugal fan is used

– Induced draft- cross flow: Hot water enters from top / Air enters from bottom

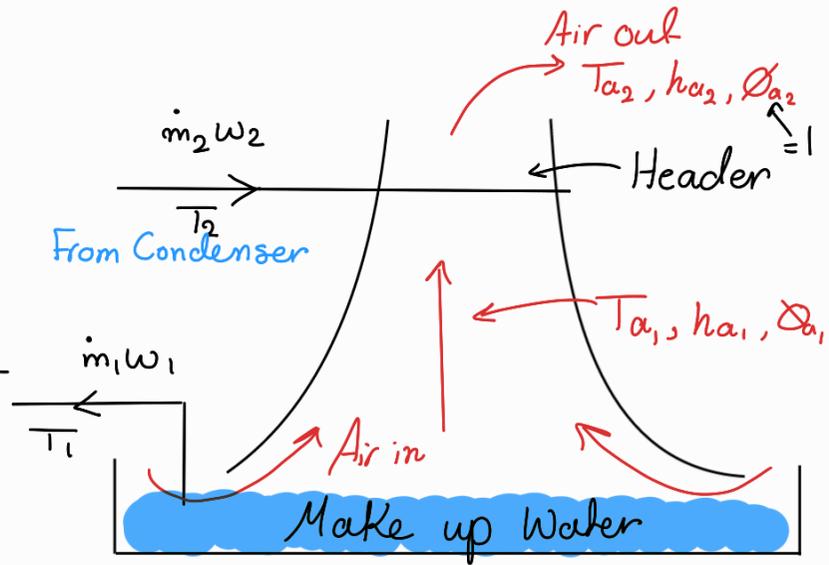
– Induced draft- counter flow: Hot water enters from top / Air enters from one side or opposite sides

Thermodynamic Analysis

Air is up by draft force F_D

$$F_D = \rho g \Delta H$$

← cooling tower height



$$\underbrace{\dot{m}_w c_{p,w} (T_2 - T_1)}_{\text{water in/out}} + \underbrace{\Delta \dot{m}_w c_{p,w} T_1}_{\text{Make up water enters}} = \underbrace{\dot{m}_a (h_{a2} - h_{a1})}_{\text{Air in/Air out}}$$

$$\dot{Q}_{c.T} = \dot{m}_w c_{p,w} (T_2 - T_1)$$

$$\Delta \dot{m}_{w, \text{makeup}} = \dot{m}_a (\omega_2 - \omega_1)$$

$$\dot{m}_a = \frac{\dot{Q}_{\text{cond}}}{(h_{a2} - h_{a1}) - c_{p,w} \underline{T_1} (\omega_2 - \omega_1)}$$

Effectiveness

$$\varepsilon = \frac{R}{R + A} \times 100\%$$

Range

$$R = (T_{cw})_{in} - (T_{cw})_{out}$$

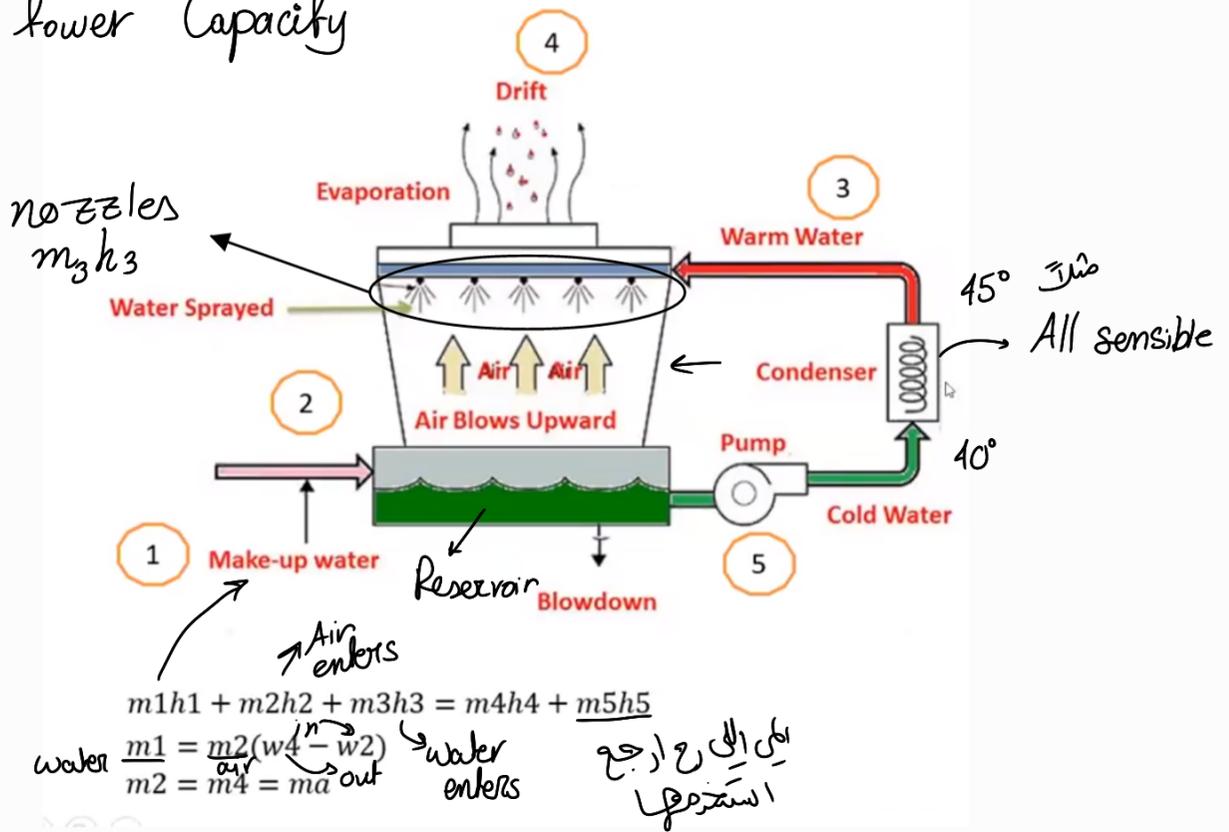
Approach

$$A = (T_{cw})_{out} - (T_{\text{ambient}})_{\text{wet bulb}}$$

Note: Air reaches thermodynamic equilibrium with incoming water: $(T_2)_{\text{air}} = (T_2)_{\text{water}}$

AC 1 Notes

Cooling tower Capacity



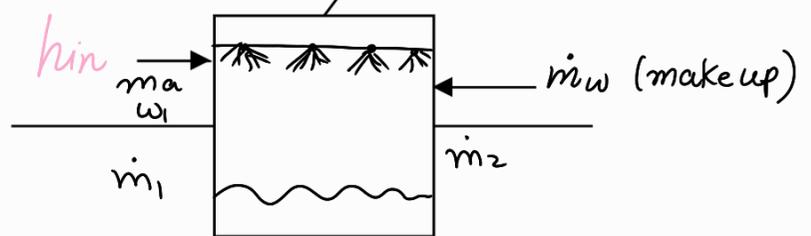
$m_5 \neq m_3$
 But: $m_3 + m_4 = m_5$

Steps for finding m_a , m_w for cooling tower

$Q_L, COP \rightarrow Q_H \rightarrow$
 from Selection

Rejected by condenser in the chiller
 heat $w_2 > w_1$

m_1 should equal m_2



Known $\rightarrow Q_H = m_w c_{pw} \Delta T_w$
 Found $\Delta T_w = 5.6^\circ$ Known