

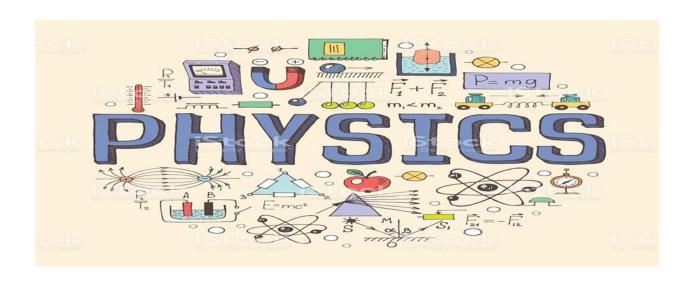
Physics Department

Physics 112

Report 2

Done by :Rayan Ghnimat

"The world is a book and those who do not travel read only one page."





"وَقُل رَّبِّ زِدْنِي عِلْمًا"

Physics Department

Physics 112

Experiment No.2

Source Internal Resistance, Loading Problems and Circuit Impedance
Matching.

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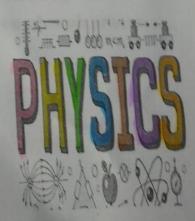
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Date: 16/11/2022.

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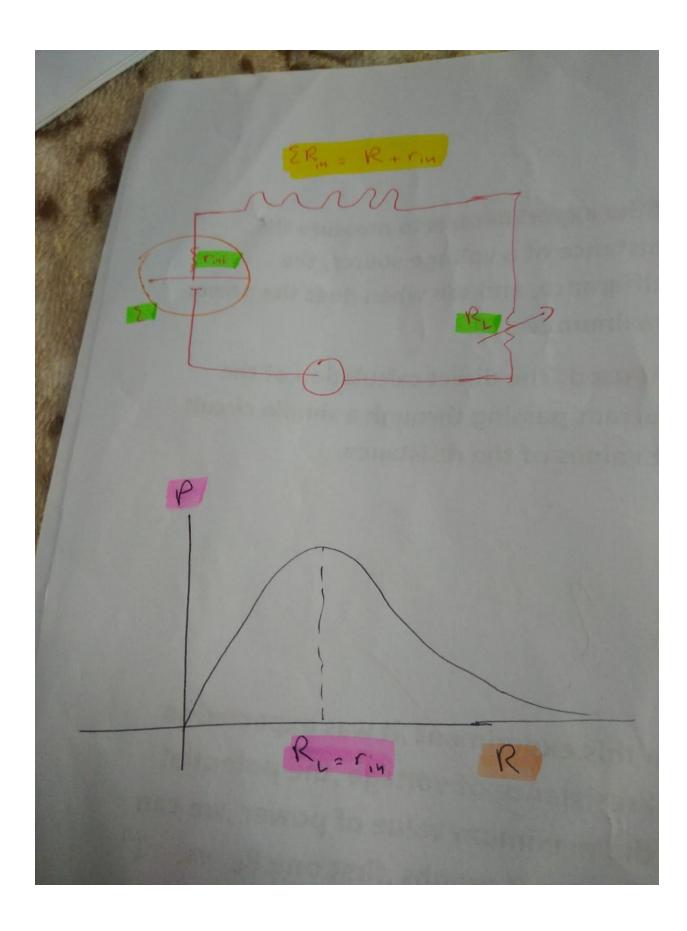
· Abstract:

- 1. The aim of the experiment: is to measure the internal resistance of a voltage source, the potential difference, and see when does the power reach its maximum value.
- 2. The method used: The direct calculation of the electrical current passing through a simple circuit at different values of the resistance.

3. Main results:

Fin = 500 A

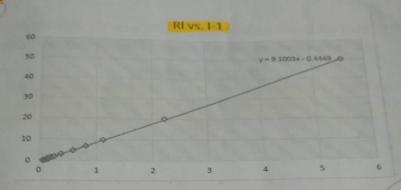
Introduction: In this experiment, it was expected to find the internal resistance of voltage, the potential difference, and the maximum value of power, we can find them by ghraphing 2 graphs, first one R_L vs. Γ^1 and the second one is expected to have ghraph where maximum value of power is known.



Data:			-21 -012	D. T	R _L (mW)	
RI(KU)	I(mA)	I-1(mA)-1	I ² (mA) ²		22.74	
0.1	15.08	0.07	227.41			
0.3	11.41	0.08	130.19	39	.06	
	9.17	0.11	84.09	42	.05	
0.5			58.83 41.18		1.18	
0.7	7.67	0.13	20		9.87	
0.8	7.09	0.14	43.0			
0.85	6.84	0.15	46.79		9.77	
0.9	6.60	0.15	39.69 3		35.72	
0.95	6.37	0.16	40.58		38.55	
1.0	6.12	0.16	37.45		37.45	
1.05	6.01	0.17	36.12		37.93	
1.1	5.80	0.17	33.64		37.0	
2	5.45	0.18	29.7		35.64	
5	4.64	0.22	21.5	3	32.30	
.0	3.72	0.27	13.8	3	27.66	
	2.66	0.38	5.43		16.29	
.0					14.45	
.0	1.70	0.59	2.0			

Data Analysis: Linear Graph of R, vs. I1.

RI(Ke)

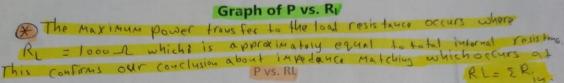


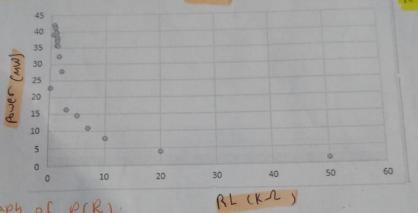
T1(mA)

-Calculations of Graph 1:

Slope from graph = 4.1 $E = 1/s \log Pe = 1/4.1 \approx 0.11 \text{ Volt.}$ $r_{in} = R_{in} - R \text{ (where } R \text{ is } 1 \text{ K.A. } \text{ making } \text{ it } 1000)$. $r_{in} = (0.5 \times 1000) - 1000 = -500$ $r_{in} = 500 \text{ A.}$

(The graph was done without connecting the dots due to the fact that excel does not have a proper trendline for it).





From graph of P(R);

Max value for poccures at RL: 1000-2 = Pmx = 37.45

Conclusion:

After conducting the experiment, it was found that the RL vs. I-1 graph was in fact a linear graph, therefore, I measured the slope of the graph using $1/\varepsilon$. In addition to this, it was also found that the P vs. RL graph was a non-linear graph with the maximum value of the power $(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4})$